Remeis

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spokesman John S. and With some rest down to 13.8 pet 8 their regular water & the company asked government permissi cut off the water supp all homes and busine nr the directed Pverybody would & hours of water follows M homs of we About 180 takt walet touriety of (SUMALIE)

would entitit the rule Tutu urges easit abortion rules

KIMBI RITY Author Airica Control Programmer of Cape Love per Turn urged the Angle Church to support Changes making the easier for worken in S Africa would hope

Many on the day

Arafat embarks on tour before signing deal

GAZA CITY (AFP) — Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) GAZA CITY (AFF)—Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO)
Chairman Yasser Arafat will visit Amman, Tunis, Paris and
London before a ceremony in Washington on Thursday to sign an
agreement extending self-rule on the West Bank, officials said. He
will then stop over in Madrid to meet Spanish leaders on his way
home for the White House event, said Tayeb Abdul Rahim,
general secretary of the Palestinian National Authority. Mr.
Arafat was to go to Amman on Monday to inform the Jordanian
tendership of the agreement struck with Israel before returning to leadership of the agreement struck with Israel before returning to Gaza for a "cabinet" meeting to approve the deal. On Tuesday he will fly to Tunis to chair a meeting of the PLO Executive Committee which will review the agreement. The next day Mr. Arafat will be in Paris, where his wife and first child are staying followed by London. He will join President Bill Clinton, Israel's Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin and Foreign Minister Shimon Peres, Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak and King Hussein at the



Due to the closure of Alexandria International Airport for maintenance purposes, Royal Jordanian would Like to inform all our passengers that all flights to/from Alexandria will be lemporarily suspended for the period 1 October till 30 November 1995, to resume it's operation as of 1 December 1995 to the normal schedule.

For more information please call 663525

وللنبك فلاونيك ROYALJORDANIAN

YOUR WINDOW ON THE WORLD

Volume 19 Number 6029 AMMAN MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1995, RABI' ALTHANI 30, 1416

Price: Jordan 150 Fils

Israel, PLO initial programme thead of election because the description of the stription of th

Spokesum for R Both sides voice satisfaction over accord worked out after tortuous negotiations Rabin, Arafat to sign document at White House on Thursday

Combined agency dispatches

ISRAEL AND Palestinc Liberation Organisatioo (PLO) concluded and initialled Sunday a landmark agreement to give the Palestinians antonomy on the West Bank for the first time in history.

After 18 months of tortuous oegotiatioos Palestioian Economy Minister

SARAJEVO (R) — Bosnian

forces accused each other on

Sunday of fresh artillery and

infantry assaults ahead of

New York peace talks this

week and after new charges

Official media on both

sides said the other had laun-

cbed pre-dawn attacks

around Breko in oorthern

Bosnia on the key corridor

linking the embattled Bos-

nian Serb stronghold of Ban-

ja Luka with the mass of

Serb-held territory in the

The fresh fighting, which could not immediately he

confirmed by the United Na-

tions, followed Bosnian gov-

emment vows to keep up the

pressure on Banja Luka after

an offensive this month which

reclaimed a vast swathc of

Bosoian Prime Minister

Haris Silajdzic, reporting the

discovery of a mass grave of

Muslims in territory captured

from Bosnia's Serbs, prom-

ised no let up io the attack on

He said Bosnian govern-

ment troops would pursue

their advance on Banja Luka

10 northwest Bosnia until the

Serbs demilitarised the town

and stopped the "genocide"

against the Bosnian Muslims.

been halted. And they should

not be halted because enemy

operations have not been

haited," Mr. Silajdzic said in

interviews with Reuters and

line despite peace talks due in

New York on Tuesday be-

tween the foreign ministers of

Bosnia, Croatia and rump

Yugoslavia and U.S. and

The United Nations and

key Western powers have de-

month's Muslim-Croat offen-

Mr. Silajdzic took the bard

Bosnian radio in Zagreb.

The operations have not

vestern Bosnia.

Banja Luka.

of atrocities.

Ahmad Qouriea and chief Israeli negotiator Uri Savir put their initials on the draft at the Egyptian Red Sea re-

"For this we have spent all these nights and days, look bow many papers," said a smiling PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat, holding up the

agreement, "I wish the Israeli people bappy (Jewisb) new year. We will try to make it a year of peace, for our future and our

The agreement opens a new chapter for the Palestinian people so we can live in peace, in freedom, on our

He was sitting next to



U.N. peacekeeping offic-

ers said counter-attacks by

Scrb troops might bave

wrested back some territory

the major population points

German Defence Minister

Volker Ruche said Sunday

there was "no question" of

sending Germao peacekeep-

ing troops in Bosnia because

In an interview to be pub-

lished Monday in the mass-circulation Bild paper, he said the Bundeswehr (Ger-

man army) would be under

too much threat if it was send

to the war-ravaged country.

who want to risk the Bundes-

wehr in a peacekeeping force

with troops stationed in Bos-

oia, because our soldiers

would be exposed to incalcul-

able risks and would become

targets for terrorism," he

then become part of the

problem and not part of the

oecesssary and urgent solu-

tion. For me, it's oot of the

His comments came after

German Foreign Minister

Klaus Kinkel refused, in an

interview with the Welt am

Sonntag weekly, to rule out

German participation in such

a force, possibly in engineer-

"The German army would

"I urge restraint on those

it would be too dangerous.

ment army.

Sarajevo.

Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat and Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres shake hands after the signing on Sunday of an agreement to expand Palestinian autonomy to the West Bank (AFP photo)

Attacks and horrors

ahead of Bosnia talks

division between the govern-

ment and Serbs envisaged in

dor is likely to be a Serb

demand in any peace negotia-

tions on the plan to share the

territory of Bosnia-

Herzegovina between the

Muslim-Croat federation and

the Serb's self-declared "Re-

government troops were

poised to enter the Serb-held

northwestern town of

Bosanski Novi, just inside the

It said Bosnia's Fifth crops

army had captured 10 villages

and 350 square kilometres of

land in the area in the past

two days, along with 16 Serb

armoured personnel carriers

and a large quantity of artil-

The Muslim-Croat advance

has reclaimed territory lost

early in the war where the

Serbs launched their prog-ramme of "ethnic cleansing,"

revealing horrifying evidence

Mr. Silajdzic said Bosnian

forces found a three-year-old

mass grave containing 540

bodies at Krasulje, a village

10 kilometres from the town

of Kljuc, captured from the

Bosnians (Muslims) of the

town of Kljue and buried

them in a mass grave — that is genocide," he said.

ably took place in 1992 after

Serbs seized control of north-

cm Bosnia and began expell-

ing or imprisoning the Croat

Mr. Silajdzic said that, de-

spite international efforts to

broker a peace plan and a

partition of Bosnia based on

negotiated maps, what really

counted was what bappened

He said his government

would make sure the world

and Muslim minorities.

on the battlefield.

He said the killings prob-

"Serh terrorists killed the

of atrocities.

border with Croatia.

Bosnian television said

Widening the Brcko corri-

the peace process.

puplika Srpska."

rawing the map of Bosnia did not force Bosnia to accept close to the 51-49 per cent an "unprincipled" peace.

Jordan, U.S. and **Europeans hail** breakthrough

Combined agency despatches

JORDAN LED the international community on Sunday to praise the accord between Israel and the Palestine Liberatioo Organisation (PLO) oo extending Palestinian autonomy in the West Bank, saying it would contribute to peace in the Middle East.

eight days of iotense negotiations in Taba, Egypt, which ended with an agreement oo Snnday, the official said.

The King "intervened three times" to unblock the talks, the official added. U.S. President Bill Clinton hailed the Israel-PLO agree-ment as a "good omen" for future peace in the Middle

Hardliners assail agreement; Key points in accord, page 12

"Jordan welcomes this positive development which can only reinforce peace io the region," a senior Foreign Ministry official told AFP. King Hussein is expected

to attend the accord's signing ceremony in Washington on

PLO leader Yasser Arafat kept King Hussein informed

Mr. Clintoo said he will host the signing ceremony of the agreement Thursday at

At Andrews Air Force Base, Maryland, outside Washington, Mr. Clinton said: "This is a big step on the road to a just and lasting

Rabin: Palestinian state not ruled out

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — Israeli Primc Minister Yitzhak Rahin, in interviews published on Sunday, would not rule out a possible future Palestinian state.

Asked by the newspaper Ycdioth Ahronoth whether lost over the past two weeks he still opposed a Paléstinian to the Muslim-led governstate, Mr. Rabin replied: Now I am opposed. I stress They confirmed Serb the word 'now.' In the future claims to have retained conwe will seek all sorts of solu-

trol of the towns of Mrkoniic Grad and Sanski Most, which In a separate interview straddle key roads in the rewith the newspaper Maariv. gion around Banja Luka. Mr. Rahin said he saw as a "Our assessment is that the goal "a Palestinian entity confrontation line remains separate from us, in signifistable but we believe the cant parts of (the West Bank) Bosnian Serb army is mountand Gaza, that lives beside ing limited counter-attacks at

the state of Israel." "The mixture of Israclis along the line." U.N. spokes-man Chris Vernon said in and Palestinians in the territories and inside Israel, produced a garden of Eden for terror," he told Maariv.

Mr. Rabin said Israel will keep control of more than half of the West Bank after an agreement to extend Palestinian autonomy over the territory.

"After the completion of the agreement, Israel will maintain control over the larger part of the West Bank," he told the Hatzofeh news-

paper.
"The agreement will allow the 1.2 million Palestinians to manage their daily lives. Powers will be shared and Israel will remain in charge of overall security," he told the National Religious Party's

In an interview in the Jerusalem Post to mark the Jewisb new year, which started at sundown Sunday, Mr. Rabin. stressed that Israel would not return to its borders before the 1967 war.

Mr. Rabin intends to keep hold of parts of the Jordan Valley, a wide bell of land around Jerusalem and some West Bank heights overlooking the coastal plain. The two main issues for us are, first not to return to

the pre-1967 war lines and (to

ing, transport or logistics. | keep) a united Jerusalem

under Israeli sovereignty as our capital," he said. Mr. Rahin also told the Post it will be "very difficult"

for Israel to break out of Egyptian model when it comes to talks with Syria, since many world leaders believe the precedent has been set for Israel to obtain peace with its neighbours in return for withdrawing to the pre-1947 "international bound-

aries.' Noting Menachem Begin's full withdrawal from Sinai in return for peace, Mr. Rabin said this move made Begin one of the great prime ministers of Israel.

While complementing Foreign Minister Shimon Pcres for his "hright" ideas, Mr. Rabin nonetheless said Israel should avoid talking about the "new Middle East" to Arahs, and thereby avoid their "paranoid" fear that Israel seeks regional econo-

mic domination. Instead, Israel should seek pragmatic economic cooperation with the Arabs on a case by case basis, he said.

Mr. Rabin said a U.S. plan whereby countries would commit to a so-called nuclear "cutoff" - freezing production of fissionable material for military purposes - is not "practical."
"I don't believe it is a

practical idea, not because of Israel, but because of other countries," said Mr. Rabin, adding that Israel would support the Comprehensive Test Ban Treaty assuming some conditions are met.

Mr. Rabin said on Sunday the deal reached between Israel and the PLO to extend self-rule on the West Bank will bead to a separation of the Jewisb state from a "Palestinian entity."

"The agreement brings us closer to oor basic goal - to separate us from the Palestinian entity and not dominate it any longer," Mr. Rabin told journalists after the initralling of the accord in Taba.



to the United States (Petra photo)

King delivers Strasbourg address today, will attend Israel-PLO signing in U.S.

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

THEIR MAJESTIES King Hussein and Queen Noor arrived in Nice oo Sunday on a brief visit to France where the King is scheduled to address the parliamentary assembly of the Council of Europe in Strasbourg before proceeding to the U.S. for talks with American leaders and World Bank and International Monetary Fuod (IMF) officials.

The Jordan News Agency, Petra, said the King's address in Strasbourg will deal with the latest developments in the Middle East, progress in the Arab-Israeli cess and prospects for regional economic development to be launched at the Middle East and North Africa (MENA) summit to be held in Amman in October.

It was not immediately known whether the King would meet with French President Jacques Chirac or any other senior member of the French government while io France.

Io Washington, the King,

Marwan Al Qasem, His Royal Highness Prince Talal and Foreign Minister Abdul Karim Kahariti, will attend the Sept. 29 signing of an agreement between Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) on expanding Palestiniao autonomy in the West Bank.

Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin and PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat are expected to sign the accord at a White House ceremony.

Mr. Arafat was scheduled to visit Amman early Sunday before the King's departure, but the visit was called off because of the PLO chairman's preoccup negotiations that lcd to the initialling of the self-rule accord in Taba, Egypt, Sunday afternoon, officials said. According to the officials,

quoted by Agence France Presse, the King and Mr. Arafat were in contact over the phone Saturday night and the two leaders agreed that the visit be deferred. While in Washington, the

King is expected to meet with U.S. President Bill Clinton who is accompanied by Prime on the Middle East peace Minister Sharif. Zeid Ben process, the MENA summit

Shaker, Royal Court Chief and the latest developments in the region, including the Aug. 8 defection to Jordan of two high-ranking Iraqi offi-

> Several other members of the Council of Ministers are expected to join the King in Washington for talks with key American officials from the State, Treasury and Commerce departments oo Jordanian-American relations. The ministers will also attend a roond of talks grouping the multilateral working groups of the Middle East peace process ahead of the MENA summit.

Finance Minister Basel Jardanch will sign an agreement cancellation of more than \$400 million in Jordanian debts to the U.S.

The performance of the Jordanian economy will be the key theme for discussions between Jordanian officials and World Bank experts. One of the key subjects is also expected to be means for the quick reimbursement of \$200 million that Japan has pledged to Jordan as nonproject loans in concert with

(Continued on page 7)

Beirut starts countdown to presidential elections

began on Sunday the coontdown to presidential polls amid expectations that parliament will bow to outside forces and change the constitution to reappoint pro-Syrian Elias Hrawi.

Under the constitution, parliament must elect a successor in the two months before Mr. Hrawi's six-year term ends on Nov. 24. An extension is hanned and he may not stand for reelection for six years.

No date has been her for a vote, but a proposal by hil-lionaire Prime Minister Rafik Al Hariri for parliament to change the constitution and extend Mr. Hrawi's mandate has gained strength amid signs that it has Syrian hack-

Damascus "treasures" Mr. Hrawi's achievements, Syrian Vice-President Abdul Halim Khaddam said recently, stating that parliament Speaker Nabih Berri also favours an extension.

Government sources in Beirut say Syria — which has 35,000 troops in Lebanon and is the country's maio power hroker — prefers to stick with Mr. Hrawi as a known friend wbile it confronts serious regional problems and tough peace talks with Israel.

Opponents, particularly in Lehanon's Christian minority, see the proposal as a threat to democracy, fearing a slide towards a de facto lifelong presidency similar to those in Syria and other Arah



Elias Hrawi countries.

They say Lebanon is undergoing no crisis that jus-tifies avoiding a normal election and the public wants a change and a proper election to reaffirm democracy.

Mr. Hrawi, one of Syria's main allies and close to Mr. Hann, is seen as lacking charisma and a domestic power base.

Many in the influential Maronite Christian community, which traditionally holds the presidency, feel be does not properly represent them.

While they resent Syria's dominant role in Lebanon, Mr. Hrawi has tightened ties with Damascus, followed its lead in peace talks with Israel and worked to avoid domestic political upsets.

With only weeks to go to the election there are no official candidates.

Mr. Hrawi has not declared his candidacy, saying llament's decision, but he has ignored calls to respect the existing constitution and withdraw. Potential challengers,

aware that Lehanon's presidential elections are traditionally decided by foreign powers, have refrained from announcing heforc Syria makes its wishes clear.

Commentators say Syrian President Hafez Al Assad usually waits to the last minute before revealing his

The frustration of many Lehanese was expressed by Issa Ghoraieh, editor of the French-language daily L'Orient-le Jour, who called the election run-up a"dance of zombies whose political programme is limited to getting adopted by the sublime

"People all over the world cboose their president... but as if they are ignorant or handicapped, the Lebanese people are not allowed to choose their ruler or express their opinioo," complained the opposition newspaper Al

The Maronite Bishops Council protested that the election was being bandled "as if... the president of the Lebanese republic will come to serve the interests of non-Lebanese before those of Lebanese.

The election "should be dealt with by Lebanese and no one else," the hishops

chance

mining on the some debate about the some topic ds Smith

the woman rekill abortion would be counselling, by rooms just a personal and in said The hours of meth Alch July St. the opening of a profession

European Union mediators. manded an end to this sive which has captured 4,000 square kilometres of land from the Bosnian Serbs, red-

Talibans put off assault on Kabul

nistan (AP) — An opposition Taliban commander backed down Sunday from an earlier threat to attack the Afghan capital, saying he wanted to give civilians more time to take cover before the fighting

begins.
Meanwhile, the United Nations special envoy Mahmond Mestiri returned to Kabul Sunday to try to get the two sides to sign a ceasefire agreement, something

they have been resisting.

Taliban commander Abdul Qayyum's offer of a reprieve for residents of Kabul came amid heavy aerial bombardment and rocket fire from government positions less than five kilometres away.

Despite the bombing, an almost daily ritual, Mr. Qayyum said his gunmen still were ready and willing to lannch an offensive on Kabul, but said the fight would not begin Monday as threatened last week.

However, be did not say when it would begin. "When we gave the ultimatum some civilians from Kabul came to us and asked us to give them more time to leave," Mr. Qayyum told the

Associated Press. "We don't want to inflict civilian injuries," he said.
But people in Kabul say that is impossible. There are still 750,000 people living in the capital, badly damaged by more than two years of savage factional fighting.

Since insurgents threw out the communists from power in 1992, an estimated 25,000 people - mostly civilians bave been killed in successive hattles for control of the capital

Another 750,000 people already have left the city. Humanitarian aid workers in Kabul say most of those left behind in the capital are too

On Saturday, government troops repulsed several small Taliban advances along the front lines near the military outpost of Maidan Shahr, about 40 kilometres from

Last week, Mr. Qayyum vowed to attack Kabul if President Burhanuddin Rabbani and his military chief, Ahmad Shah Masoud, did not surrender and withdraw their weapons from the capit-

NAIROBI (R) — A Mogadishu radio station loyal to

one of Mohammad Farah

Aideed's rivals reported at

the weekend a visiting Libyan

military delegation has

offered military aid to the

The radio station, moni-

tored in Nairohi on Saturday...

supports Aideed opponent

Osman Ali Hassan Atto. It

quoted what it said were "re-

liable sources" for a report

that the Lihyan made the

offer while on a secret visit to

It gave no details of the

promised military aid in its

Somalia-language broadcast General Aideed's own radio

station in Mogadishu has

made no reference to the

Gen. Aideed, the man who

defied a U.S. manhunt dur-

operation to save the Horn of

Africa country from starva-

tion, is known to have

appealed to Arab states for

support for his self-

procalimed "government."

Somali warlord.

Somalia.

Libyans reportedly

offer aid to Aideed

MAIDAN SHAHR, Afgha- al. He also said Mr. Rahhani would be tried under Islamic law, although he did not say what the crime was.

Mr. Rabbani has rejected the ultimatum and Mr. Masoud has been fortifying

During the past several days government soldiers bave been massing and deploying to several strategic front lines, including Maidan Shahr and Mohammad Agha in Logar province, south of

Government commanders say they are preparing to push the Talibans out of the

"It used to be that the government was in a defensive position around Kabul," Kadam Sbah, a government commander, told the Associated Press. "Now we are in an offensive position and ready to push the Talibans militia from the area."

Throughout Sunday, Rab-bani forces launched volley after volley of rockets, mortars and other heavy artillery at Taliban positions in the bills surrounding Maidan Shahr.

Casualty figures were not immediately available. Mr. Rabbani has been bol-

stering his position not only around Kabul, which has been under constant threat from the Talibans in recent weeks, but has also claimed to have recaptured the key central province of Ghor.

Taliban fighters, however, deny Mr. Rahbani's claim of victory in Gbor, instead saying only sporadic fighting has been reported in the re-

"Yesterday I came from Ghor," Mr. Qayyum said, "There is no government there. Talihan forces are in full control of the province."

With both sides claiming to control Ghor the only thing that could be confirmed was that fighting in the region was

The Talibans, a religiouslydriven militia force, led hy Islamic students, stormed into the Afghan battlefield late last year, capturing about

a third of the country. Earlier this month the Talibans stunned Mr. Rabbani's government forces hy capturing the strategic western city of Herat and neighbouring Shindand air force base.

A group of 21 foreigners working for U.N. and aid

agencies in Baidoa was

evacuated last week after

being held under arrest by

pro-Aideed forces when they

They said they had no

The radio said the Libyans

had visited the strategic town

of Baidoa, 240 kilometres

northwest of Mogadishu, af-

ter it fell to Gen. Aideed's

forces last weekend. They

told Gen. Aideed to attack

the Digil and Mirifle clans

near Baidoa, the radio

The delegation left Moga-

Several of the clans in the

dishu at the weekend, it said.

said on Sunday.

knowledge of any Libyan

took control of the town.



DEAL IS MADE: Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat and Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres shake hands after the signing on Sunday of an agreement to expand Palestinian autonomy to the West Bank (AFP photo)

Ciller closer to minority government

Prime Minister-designate Tansu Ciller was due to wrap up talks with opposition leaders on Sunday and analysts say her aim is a minority government supported by a patchwork of small parties.

They believe her talks reveal a blueprint of a minority government to be supported by the right-wing Nationalist Action Party (MHP) and Bulent Ecevit's Democratic Left Party (DSP).

The expectations of a government between Ciller's True Parth Party (DYP) and the main opposition Motherland Party (ANAP) faded after Saturday's strained meeting between the two leaders," Derya Sazak, political columnist of centrist daily Milliyet newspaper, wrote in his column on Sunday.

"The consensus now could be between DYP, MHP and-

Ms. Ciller is trying to avoid early elections on the grounds that it would disrupt. Turkey's bid for customs union with the European Union, privatisation, Caspian oil pipeline talks and other economic reforms.

"The prime minister has a minority government in her mind," ANAP leader Mesut. Yilmaz told reporters after meeting Ms. Ciller. Ms. Ciller denies this.

"Turkey is making prog-ress on many issues," Ms. Ciller told reporters after meeting the leaders of five major parties,

Her attempt to lure MHP leader Alparsian Turkes and Bulent Ecevit - two experienced politicians standing at opposite ends of the political spectrum in their career spanning more than 35 years — to support her bid for power is seen as an important manoeuvre in Turkish politics.

Hasan Cemal, political analyst of Sabah newspaper, in his column on Sunday headlined "The Dance of Wolves in Politics," said: "We understand Ciller will continue the tactical battle

for the government model in her mind with Turkes and

Iraqi Kurdish rivals said seeking Iranian mediation

NICOSIA (Agencies) -- Rival Iraqi Kurdish leaders Jalal Talabani and Massoud Barzani sought Tehran's media-. tion in their long-running disleaders last week, an Iranian newspaper reported Sunday.

The English-language Iran News also accused the United States of having ulterior motives for sponsoring recent peace talks in Dublin between Mr. Talabani's Patriotic Union of Kurdistan (PUK) and Mr. Barzani's Kurdistan Democratic Party (KDP).
"The sole objective of the

United States is to meddle in the affairs of the region, and above all, Washington wants to divide Iraq," Iran News said in an article carried hy the official Islamic Republic News Agency (IRNA) and monitored in Cyprus.

War broke out between the two Iraqi Kurdish factions in March last year, mainly over duties levied on oil trucked across the Turkish border in violation of U.N. sanctions imposed on Iraq for its 1990 invasion of Kuwait.

Baidoa oppose Gen. Aideed, and could be expected to The two groups ended an ing the international relief. resist any move by his forces to extend their area of coninconclusive round of U.S.trol, diplomats in East Africa brokered talks in Dublin earlier this month but have So far no state has recogpledged to maintain a ceasenised Gen. Aideed's "govfire signed Aug. 11. They are likely to meet again next

Dr. Fayez Al Oadi

Iraq News said the two Kurdish leaders came to Iran "to seek assistance from the Islamic Republic for the settiement of dis ern Iraq."

Iran itself has a sizeable Kurdish minority which aspires to a homeland, but Tehran claims that its Kurds are better off than their kinsmen in Iraq and Turkey. In a separate development,

a radio station loyal to Mr. Barzani said Saturday his Kurdish Democratic Party forces killed at least 40 Kurdish Labour Party (PKK) soldiers, including a commander, in fighting overnight in northern Iraq.

In a report monitored hy the British Broadcasting Cor-poration, the radio said the KDP attack was launched on a PKK base on the Gara mountain. Five PKK men

were also captured. The report could not be confirmed independently. The PKK bas been fighting.

the Turkish government since 1984 for a Kurdish homeland in the southeast of the country. It has been trying to derail the KDP-PUK peace process to gain freedom of movement in northern Iraq to lannch attacks against Tur-

Northern Iraq has become

a de-facto, autonomous Kurdish state since the end of the 1991 Gulf war under the protection of a U.S.-led air cov-

Rebels kill five

PKK rebels killed a noncommissioned officer and four civilians and wounded another at a roadblock in central Turkey, the Turkish Anatolian agency reported on Sunday.

of PKK rebels stopped a car after the nightfall on Saturday night near Zara town on the main highway between Sivas and Erzincan provinces. It said they killed the five

It said an unknown number

people in the car and sprayed another car with automatic guns when the driver refused to stop at the roadblock. One passenger in the car which escaped was wounded.

More than 18,000 people have been killed in the PKK's 11-year fight for autonomy or independence in southeast Turkey.

In clashes reported since Friday, six PKK rebels have been killed and six village guards armed by the Turkish government, and PKK rebels bave kidnapped a senior pris-

Sudan assails **IMF**

KHARTOUM (AFP) — The International Monetary Fund (IMF) has turned into a political institution controlled by Western powers, led by the United States, Sudanese President Lieutenant-General Omar Al Bashir charged here before leaving Saturday night on a five-day state visit to China.

Gen. Bashir, whose trip is to focus on bilateral cooperation, especially trade, said his country was adopting a "selfreliance policy in overcoming its economic problems, which he said were "created by an undeclared economic

siege."
"Sudan bas relied on itself. taking the Chinese model in development and reconstruction as an example for application of the policy of selfreliance," Gen. Bashir said in the interview given to the Chinese news agency Xinhua, and published by

newspapers bere. He said his country would carry out several projects' through self-reliance and cooperation with "friends and brothers" and away from financial institutions which "are controlled by the West."

The Western begemony on the International Monetary Fund has made the fund switch from an economic to a political institution, he said, and dealing with it had to conform to the policies of the western powers led by the United States, which imposes an embargo on states refusing to follow the policies of the new world order.

He said that although Sudan has committed itself to economic policies recommended hy the IMF and to paying its IMF debts of \$1.7 billion, the fund, "on agitation by America," would not cooperate with Sudan.

He noted that China had offered Sudan economie assistance and contributed to several major projects in the country. China has build the friendship hall, a landmark in Khartoum, the friendship textile factory in Hasahisa, about 150 kilometres southeast of Khartoum, a bridge on the Blue Nile in central Sudan and is presently huilding a bridge on the White Nile linking Khartoum to its twin town of Omdurman. The visit is Gen. Bashir

Gen. Bashir's second to China. His first was in 1992.

22 students freed

The Sudanese anthorities have freed 22 students who were arrested for participating in recent demonstrations in Khartoum, a newspaper reported on Sunday.

At least three people were killed and about 60 injured this month in the student demonstrations which started at Khartoum University as a protest by students at the arrest of three of their colleagues.

The state-owned Al Ingaz Al Watani newspaper quoted the prosecutor as saying his office was keen to release the students because it did not want to stop them from sitting for their examinations which were either already being undertaken or were about to start at all universities.

It said the 22 had been charged with rioting and disturbing public peace. These crimes carry the maximum sentences of one year in prison with the possibility of fines and lashing.

NEWS IN BRIEF

2 Istanbul banks hit by bomb attacks

ISTANBUL (AP) - Two bombs exploded at hank branches Saturday, causing damage hut no injuries, police said. A string of bombings has hit this city of 12 million people in recent months. At least two people have been killed and dozens injured. One bomb Saturday damaged a downtown bank building. In the other attack, assailants hurled a firebomh that shattered windows, said a police official, speaking on condition of anonymity. No one immediately claimed responsibility for the blasts, but the leftist Dev Sol (revolutionary left) is believed to be responsible for dozens of bomb attacks on bank branches in affluent districts in the past two months. Kurdish guerrillas and Islamie militants are also known to be active in the city.

26 jobless jailed for protest in Morocco

RABAT (AP) — A Moroccan court sent 26 jobless people to prison for staging a protest against unemployment, local newspapers reported. The 26, four of them young women and all college graduates, tried to hold a sit-in outside the town hall in Al Jadida, south of Casablanca, Sept. 13, but were arrested. The Al Jadida court sentenced them to six-month prison terms without parole and fined each of them 3,000 dirhams (\$350) Thursday for disturbing the

Israel arrests brother of Palestinian bomb expert

TEL AVIV (AP) - Israeli agents on Saturday arrested the brother of a Palestinian suspected of masterminding a series of suicide bombings, a televised report said. Man Latif Ayyasb, 26, was arrested in his home in the West Bank village of Rafat three days after his mother, Aysheh, was taken into custody, Israel's channel 2 said. Mrs. Ayyash's other son Yehia, nicknamed "The Engineer," tops Israel's most wanted list and has evaded capture in the West Bank and Gaza Strip for more than a year. He is linked to the death of dozens of Israelis. The Engineer is thought to head the military wing of Hamas, or the Islamic Resistance Movement, in the West Bank. It was not immediately clear where Mari Latif Ayyash was being held and if charges had been brought against him. Mrs. Ayyash was being held for questioning.

10 children held for aiding militants

MINYA (AFP) - Ten children have been arrested in Egypt's troubled southern province of Minya on charges of running arms and food for Islamic militants. police said Sunday. Police said the children, aged between 11 and 14, carried food each day to militants hiding in sugar-cane fields or on hill-tops near villages in the Mallawi area. They also ferried arms and ammunition as well as instructions from leaders, they said. But the children had admitted in court only to supplying food to militants on the run. The suspects risk being sent to reform school.

Swissair Airbus narrowly averts disaster

TEL AVIV (AFP) - A Swissair aborted take-off at the last moment from Israel's Ban Gurion airport after the hydraulic system failed on his Airbus carrying 190 passengers, an airport spokesman said Sunday. "Miraculously the pilot realised there was a serious technical problem as he was preparing to take off on Saturday," an airport spokesman said. "The hreaking system was not working and he finally managed to bring the aircraft to a halt without damage with the forward landing gear against an embankment at the end of the runway." The passengers heading to Zurich were unharmed and transferred to other flights. An inquiry was opened into the reasons for the

Nine killed in Iranian floods

NICOSIA (AP) — Nine tribesmen died Saturday in floods caused by torrential rain in western Iran, the official Islamic republic news agency reported. The agency did not say where exactly the floods took place, hut its report was from the western city of Shafir-e Kord.

UAE paper slams Libya over expulsions

ABU DHABI (AFP) — A United Arab Emirates (UAE) newspaper on Sunday slammed the Libyan expulsion of Palestinians and said it contradicted Tripoli's stand of Arab nationalism and unity. Libyan leader Muammer Qadhafi's decision at the start of September to deport Palestinians would not achieve its stated objective of showing up the failure of the Israel-Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) autonomy deal, Al Khaleej said. "Resorting to expulsions will not achieve the stated political goal, which is to expose the Oslo, (self-rule) agreement... How could a few people (deportees) abort the agreement?" it asked. "What we have been over the past two weeks was a human and ethical tragedy and an insult against all Arab values and the teachings of their religion... "Libya is expelling Palestinians at a time when it keeps raising such slogans as 'Libya is for All Arabs' and stands up for unity and

Kuwait cabinet debates reports of chemicals

KUWAIT (R) - Kuwait's cabinet on Sunday assigned the kUWAIT (R) — Kuwait's cabinet on Sunday assigned the health minister to follow np reports of possible chemical products on Iraqi boats sunk in the Gulf during the 1991 war over Kuwait, an official said. "The cabinet discussed the issue during its session and decided to refer it to the minister of public health," a government official said. The Kuwait-based Regional Organisation for the Protection of the Maxing Environment said on Saturday that the Dutch the Marine Environment said on Saturday that the Dutch salvage firm, Wijsmuller, had found canisters that might contain chemical products on the Iraqi boats. Wijsmuller on Saturday said chemical weapons and military equipment may be on the seabead and in Iraqi boats sunk in Iraqi and international waters.

JORDAN TELEVISION

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PROGRAMME TWO 14:90 Animals of Farthing Wood
14:36
17:00 Children's programme — Les
Mondes Engloutis 17:30
19:15 French Varieties 19:36 News Headlines
19:35 Drama — Camp Wilder 20:90 McHale's Novy 20:30 The Bold and the Beautiful
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JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

Jordan Valley 23 / 35	EMERGENCIES
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Dr. Ghazi Abu Sheikhah 752405 Dr. Shtawi Abu Zayid 737962 Dr. Walid Al Massi 675485	Price Complaints
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Jabal Amman Maternity 642362
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Shmeisani Hospital 669131
University Hospital 845845
Al-Muasher Hospital 667227/9
The Islamic, Abdali 666127/37
Al-Ahli, Abdali 664164/6
Italian, Al-Muhajreen 777101/3
Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich 775111/26
Army, Marka 891611/15 -
Queen Alia Hospital 602240/50
Amal Hospital 674155°
The Arab Center for Heart and
Special Surgery 865199
ZARQA:
Zarqa Govt. Hospital (09)983323
Zarqa National Hospital
(09)900560
1bn Sina Hospital (09)986732
Al Hikms Modern Hospital (09)990990 .
Trial
Princess Basma Hospital (02)275555
Count Cartain Paris
Greek Catholic Hospital (02)272275
The Al Nafees Hospital (02)247100

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Dep. Amman 8:00 every Monday Arr. Damascus

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TEMBER 25, 1995

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Bay'at Al Imam trial postponed indefinitely

By Rana Husseini Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - The trial of Bay'at Al Imam (pledge of allegiance to the leader), a group accused of plotting terrorist attacks in Jordan was postponed Sunday because one of the three judges was sick. No new date was announced.

The group known as Bay'at Al Imam, consists of 13 men. Seven of them were captured before actually carrying out any attacks and were formally charged on Sept. 5 with sabotage

The charge sheet against them includes illegal possession and manufacturing of explosive materials with the purpose of using them illegally.

During the opening session three weeks ago, the seven suspects disrupted the courtroom charging that they do not believe in the

court justice system and refused to stand in front of the tribunal.

Their outbursts forced presiding Judge Hafez Amin to ask the defendants to leave the courtroom after issuing them a warning.

The remaining six suspects, most of them under 30, were released on bail pending trial. But when they failed to

appear in court on Sept. 5. a new arrest warrant was issued hy Judge Amin.

Meanwhile, the prosecutor general forwarded the case against six people also accused of plotting sabotage in Jordan to the State Security Court.

All six defendents, part of a group called "Islamic were formally charged with illegal possession and manufacturing of explosive materials with the purpose of nsing them

According to the prosecutor general charge sheet, the group, which was formed in 1990, was planning to carry out attacks against foreigners in Jordan using explosives and automatic

weapons. But the group was apprehended before any attacks were made, after the Central Intelligence Service was tipped off on March 10, 1995 about the group's activities.

According to Israeli press reports recently, the same group, "Islamic Revival," were behind a recent infiltration across the northern Jordanian-Israeli borders.

Two of the infiltrators were shot dead and the third surrendered, Israeli reports said. There was no Jordanian confirmation of the Israeli reports. The prosecutor general did not include this incident in his charge sheet.

Trial opens in sexual harassment shooting

By Rana Husseini Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - The trial of a 25-year-old Knfrangeh woman accused of killing a man who allegedly sexually harassed her began Sunday at the Criminal Court.

Hanan Adnan, a homemaker, is charged with shooting and killing Mousa Hussein on Sept. 1, 1993 in the backyard of her bouse in Ajlonn, according to court documents.

She also faces one count of possessing an unlicensed weapon, the document said.

Ms. Adnan, who sought refuge at a neighbour's home after the alleged shooting incident, pleaded innocent to the charge of murder hut guilty to my house scared and bys-charges of possessing and terical saying; he wanted unlicensed weapon.

According to court documents, the victim met Ms.; the court.

Adnan on Sept. 1, 1993, Another witness, and expressed amorous intentions towards her.

Ms. Adnan, according to

the victim to make his intentions known at her father's bouse.

"If you really want me you can come to my father's house," the court document quoted Ms. Adnan as telling the man.

Later the same evening, the victim went to Ms. Adnan's house, the document said.

The document said Ms. Adnan then used her father's unlicensed gun to shoot the man. During the one-hour trial,

the court heard five witnesses, one of whom was 62-year-old Hussein Nouri, with whom Ms. Adnan songht refuge after committing the alleged crime. "She (Ms. Adnan) entered

cu- killed him," Mr. Nouri told

Mohammad Fureihat, who is also the village mukhtar (chieftain), told the court Nouri's honse to "settle the matter".

"When I spoke to Hanan, she told me that she killed him because he asked ber to commit adultery with him," Mr. Fureihat said. "She told me that she was

home alone when the victim went to her house, and that he made sexual advances towards her, hut sbe struggled and shot him," Mr. Fureihat said, adding that her clothes were torn and that there were scratch marks on her upper chest.

The court also heard testimonies from the victim's father and one of the victim's closest friends.

Both witnesses confirmed that the victim did not know the suspect and that he was due to leave for Finland two days after the incident occurred.

Presiding Judge Abdul Ruhman Tawfiq set Oct. 7 as the date for the next

NEWS IN BRIEF

Panel prepares for King's birthday

Zeid Ben Shaker Saturday evening chaired a cabinet meeting at which Foreign Minister Abdul Karim Kabariti briefed the ministers on the outcome of the 104th meeting in Cairo of the Arab League Council. On Sunday Sharif Zeid chaired a meeting of the Higher Committee in charge of celehrations to review progress on activities planned to mark His Majesty King Hussein's 60th birthday on November 14. The committee, which is chaired by Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Information Khaled Karaki, groups Chief of the Royal

AMMAN (Petra) — Prime Minister Sharif

Court Marwan Qasem, several ministers, senators and depnties as well as the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff and representatives of the private sector.

Envoy to U.N. presents credentials

NEW YORK (Petra) - Jordan's newly appointed permanent representative to the United Nations Hassan Abu Ne'meh on Sunday presented his credentials to U.N. Secretary General Boutros Ghali in a meeting attended by Dr. Ghali's assistants and Jordan's Deputy ambassador to the U.N., Fouad Bataineh. Dr. Ghali commended His Majesty King Hussein's stands and support of the U.N.

SWISS CULTURAL WEEK

Exhibitions

Two photography exhibitions: "Swiss photographers since 1840 until today," and "Face to Face with Switzerland," at

FRANCO-ARAB FILM FESTIVAL French-Algerian film "Cheb' at the French Cultural Centre at 6.30pm.

French-Tunisian film "Silence of the Palace" (Arabic with subtitles in French) at the Concord cinema at 8.30pm.

Henry and John" at the Phoenix Gallery for Culture and Arts, Gardens Street at

EXHIBITIONS

lordanian-Syrian-Turkish products at King Abdullah Gardens, Al Bassam Hall. Abstract artworks by Abdullah Tamimi entitled, "Colours of Peace," at the Royal Cultural Centre.

Works hy Hani Khaza'leh at the Goethe Institut, Jabal Amman.

Ceramics by Dr. Mahmoud Saddiq and Da'd Al Maflih at the Marriott Hotel. Works by Lamia Abdel Sahib and Samer

Ousama entitled "Aux Sources Orientales de la Fountaine," at the French

* Paintings by Sudanese artists at Baladna Art Gallery.

* "Beneath the Waves," photographs on Aqaba underwater life by Julia Reinholt at The Gallery, Hotel InterContinental. Paintings by Palestinian artist Samira

Badran at Abdul Hameed Shoman Found * Works by artist Ghazi 'Asayrah at the Housing Bank Complex Gallery. * Paintings by Palestinian artist Samira

Badran at Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation, Jahal Amman.

DARAT AL FUNUN

Graphic work by several artists and students in the South Gallery. * Photography of Jordan, Elements in Harmony' hy Hala Hilmi Hodeib at the

Blue House. * Painted stone and steel, 'Embargo Art' by Iraqi artist Nuha Al Radi at the Garden

* 'Early Morning Scribbles' by Lebanese artist Amin Al Bacha and Jordanian artist Rajwa Bint Ali and 'Late Night Scribhles' hy Amin Al Bacha and Joranian artist Ali

'Open Air Sculpture workshop.

* Ceramic shop at the Lower Garden. * Works by contemporary Arah artists at the Central Gallery

Regent urges end to Europe's cultural isolation of Muslims

Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, Sunday called on Europeans to open up to the Íslamic civilisation in order to end the isolation of Muslims in European societies and enable them to contribute to the enrichment of the western culture.

The Regent was speaking at a meeting with the President of the Inter-Faith Association at the European Union, Erna Hennicot-Schoepges, and an accompanying delegation.

A dialogue between the two faiths should concentrate on common values and efforts and should be geared towards erasing stereotypes and misconceptions which each side might have about the other, the Regent said.

Dialogue among cultures should be based on valuable and common concepts and should not be restricted to defending inherited beliefs, he added.

Ms. Hennicot-Schoepges, who is also Minister of Education and Culture in Luxembourg, paid tribute to the Regent for his efforts in promoting inter-faith dialogue and his active participation in seminars and con-



She also paid tribute to His Majesty King Hussein for his endeavours towards

Discussions at the meetlogue and the possible ing, which was attended by Royal Institute for Inter-Studies Director Kamal Salibi, covered the cooperation between the

future cooperation between hoth sides of the Mediter-

Ms. Hennicot-Schoepges is accompanied by Dalil Boubaker, vice president of the Inter-Faith Association,

Camille Wendling, co-secretary of the Inter-Faith Association, and Professor Carlo Degli Ahhati, member of the European Court of Auditors in Luxemhourg.

Meeting studies results, planning of rural development projects

society and the institute in

promoting inter-faith dia-

opened a five-day meeting to discuss planning of rural development projects and appraisal of results, as well to follow up implementation of future

The delegates will also make a field trip to an integrated rural development project being carried out by the Ministry of Agriculture at Ajloun Governorate in northern Jordan. The meeting, at the

Jerusalem Hotel, is organised by the Ministry of Agriculture, the Arab Organisation for Agricul-Development tural (AOAD), the Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia (ESCWA) and the Centre for Agrarian Reform and Development in the Near East

(CARDNE). Minister of Agriculture Ben Tarif Mansour announced during yesterday's meeting that the Ministry of Agriculture has started a new phase in the restructuring of the agricultural sector in Jordan. The ministry is adopting a



and caters to the needs of changes and developments at the economic level to enable the agricultural sector to compete in foreign

markets, the minister said. Mr. Ben Tarif said the ministry is preparing a plan to follow up and evaluate the outcome of this policy

national economy and farmers.

Mohammad Sqour, head of CARDNE's board of directors, told the audience that it was regrettable that the majority of countries in the Near East lacked effective systems for following up on the implementation

policy which best conforms and its impact on the of projects and evaluating results.

The meeting is a timely one as the Near East is witnessing deep political, social and economic changes which require the adoption of follow up and evaluation systems, Dr. Sqour said.

Kayed told the meeting that his organisation was giving attention to rural development and has been extending aid to countries of the region to enable farmers to increase their income hy developing new techniques in agricultural methods.

AOAD Abdul Hamid

Women plan protest campaign against 'discriminatory' laws

By Lola Keilani Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - The legal committee of the Jordanian Women's Union (JWU) is angered by what it sees as double standards in Jordanian laws and its members intend to protest against a set of laws they consider

unconstitutional. As a first step, the protest will be aimed at Article12 of the 1969 Passport Law.

Article 12 of the passport law states that Jordanian women and their children must obtain their husbands' or male guardians' approval in order to be issued a pass-

According to lawyer Asma Khader, director of JWU, the article is in direct contradiction to the Jordanian Constitution which grants women the right of movement without any

The JWU intends to

launch a campaign to press such laws. lawmakers to repeal Arti-

which the union finds discriminatory. The campaign will start on Oct. 15 with a seminar entitled "The Right of Movement and the Passport Law."

cle 12 and other laws

Participating in the seminar will be members of Parliament, Passport Department officials and women with personal testi-

"The JWU would like everything to be in order before the Parliament session which will convene in two months," said Ms. Khader.

According to Ms. Khader, the JWU plans to spend the next four months working on the first in a series of drives to raise public awareness of inequities in existing laws pertaining to the rights of men and women and to lohhy for changes to

She said that every four months the JWU will focus on one particular law which it finds discriminatory. These, she said, include the nationality, civil status, penal codes, and social security laws (including pension and health insurance regulations).

For example, Jordanian nationality, said Ms. Khader, should be granted to non-Jordanian children and husbands of Jordanian women, but as the law stands today, only a Jordanian hushand can apply for citizenship of his wife and children.

Ms. Khader said the union will seek to have the penal code amended so that abortion within the first three months of pregnancy is made legal in the case of rape, incest and pregancies which could endanger the mother's or child's health or where the foetus shows

positive signs of congenital abnormality. With reference to the

Civil Status Law, she said the JWU will work to having the law amended to "restrict polygamy and arbitrary divorce," and abolish the stipulation that a married woman must have her husband's permis-

sion to work. The union will also seek amendments to pension and health insurance regulations so that husbands and children of working women are entitled to benefit from the woman's pension or health insurance during her lifetime and after her death. The current regulations require that a woman pay into pension and health plans on an equal hasis as male employees, said Ms. Khader.

But the woman employee is the only beneficiary; the current regulations do not extend the benefits to her hushand and children as they do to the wife and children of her male counterpart, Ms. Khader explained.

A protest, planned as part of the campaign, will be staged for an hour in front of the passport departments in Amman, Zarqa, Kerak, and Irbid simultaneously,

according to Ms. Khader. Although no date has yet been set for the protest, the women planning to partici-pate in it will be dressed in black and will stand in silence in front of the government offices.

"The idea behind wearing black stemmed from the Beijing conference on women, where a group of Indian women, who called themselves Women in Black, protested against their problems by carrying banners and standing in silence, dressed in hlack, in the streets," Ms. Khader

James Baker reportedly used nuclear bluff before Gulf War

WASHINGTON (R) — As the United States prepared for the Gulf War in 1991, then-Secretary of State James Baker used a nuclear bluff to deter lraq from the use of chemical and biological weapons, according to excerpts from his book published in Newsweek maga-

"If you go to war with the coalition, you will surely lose," Mr. Baker told Iraqi Foreign Minister Tariq Aziz, according to the made excerpts public Saturday.

"This will not be a war of attrition like you fought with Iran.... We have the means to define how the battle will be fought and you do not....

In his book, The Politics Of Diplomacy, Mr. Baker

wrote that he then delivered a message that General Colin Powell had asked him to deliver.

"If the conflict involves your use of chemical or biological weapons against our forces, the American people will demand vengeance. We have the means to exact it This is not a threat, it is a promise."

"If there is any use of weapons like that," Mr. Baker's book continues, "Our objective won't just be the liberation of Kuwait, but the elimination of the current Iraqi regime, and anyone responsible for using those weapons would be held accountable."

The implication was a bluff, Mr. Baker relates, because President George Bush had decided that the

chemical weapons with its ated. own chemical weapons or with nuclear weapons.

Mr. Baker also writes that Iraqi President Saddam Hussein wrote a letter to Iranian President Hashemi Rafsanjani indicating that be planned to invade and conquer Saudi Arabia.

In the letter to Iran, Saddam referred to "our 840-kilometre seacost," a new frontier reaching from Iraq to the United Arab Emirates. Other points in the

in Newsweek excerpts included:

- Mr. Baker offered to station American troops on Syria's Golan Heights, captured by Israel in the war of 1967, to guarantee the bor-

United States would not der between Israel and Syria retaliate for the use of if a peace treaty was negoti--In response to a request

from then-President Mikhail Gorbachev, Mr. Baker helped the Soviet Union get a loan from Saudi Arabia. "The Sandis later came through with a very generous \$4 billion line of credit."

 President Ronald Reagan's "foreign policy apparatus" was less effective than it should have been. " It was often a witches' brew of intgrigue, elbows, egos and separate agendas. ... I can't remember any extended period of time when someone in the national security cluster wasn't at someone else's

Switzerland

divided

over

Europe as

elections

loom

GENEVA (AFP) — Less

than a month away from

Switzerland remained bit-

terly divided this weekend

over membership of the

Pro- and anti-Europe ral-

lies in the city of Zurich

Saturday each attracted

thousands of supporters,

but the anti-Europe protest turned nasty as left-wing

extremists tried to disrupt

The demonstration called

by Christopb Blocher, leader of the right-wing

faction in the Democratic

Centre Union, one of four

parties in Switzerland's rul-

ing coalition, was applaud-

ed on ronte by thousands of

The demonstrators, carry-

ing banners with slogans

such as "no to Europe" and

"the European Union will

kill our farmers," beard Mr.

Blocher defend Swiss sov-

ereignty, claiming that a

bage organisation like the

European Union could not

adapt to a small state sucb

However police were

forced to intervene with

tear gas and baton charges

as between 300 and 400

leftists burled bricks and

tried to storm barricades to

get at the demonstration.

About 20 people were

Meanwhile, a pro-Europe

rally called by the Socialist

Party to press for an "open

and tolerant Switzerland"

passed off without incident.

The outcome of the poll

on Oct. 22 hinges on the

sympathisers.

as Switzerland.

arrested.

European Union.

elections.

general



COCAINE GOES UP IN SMOKE: Peruvian police throw cocaine base into a fire in Lima. Some 6.5 tonnes of the base paste were destroyed, including 4 tonnes confiscated from a Bolivian plane at Lima Airport. The value of the paste was estimated by officials at \$160 million (AFP photo)

Bangladesh opposition ready for talks with government

DHAKA (AP) — An oppoment to hold fresh elections sition politician leading a in the country. campaign of street protests to unseat the government said Saturday she is prepared for a negotiated settlement of the dispute over

fresh elections. Sheikh Hasina of the Awami League party did not say whether the opposition will suspend its 18month agitation. But she indicated at a news conference that the opposition will wait for a negotiated solution before starting a total showdown with the govern-

ment on the streets. Mrs. Hasina's party and its two allies, Jatiya Party and Jamaat-E-Islami party, want Prime Minister Khaleda Zia to resign and a neutral caretaker governThe opposition lawmak-

ers have resigned their seats in parliament. In September, the opposition organised six general strikes that paralysed Bangladesh. At least six

people were killed in clashes between rival political groups during the strikes. More anti-government protests and rallies are

planned next week. "There is still time for the government to accept our demands. We don't want any bloodshed," Hasina told reporters.

Previous talks between the rival political groups have failed.

Mrs. Zia has rejected the

before the next elections due early next year. She is prepared to hand over to a lawmaker from her governing party.

offered to resign 30 days

Opposition parties accuse Mrs. Zia's government of comption and incompetence.

Mrs. Zia says ber government is legal as her ruling Bangladesb Nationalist Party enjoys a majority in

330-member parliament. The impasse has slowed the economy in Bangladesh, one of the world's poorest nation. Strikes have cost the country's economy nearly \$88 million a day in lost production and exports, according to an official esti-

Ariane rocket launches satellite

EVRY, France (R) -Western Europe's 78th Ariane rocket roared into space late Saturday and placed a satellite into orbit for U.S communications giant ATT after a launch from Equatorial French

The Ariane 421 rocket. equipped with two liquid strap-on boosters, blasted off at from the European Space Agency (ESA) launch centre in Kourou, French Guiana, on the northeast coast of South

itors at the corporate headquaters of the Arianespace

delayed for 24 bours after a faulty telemetry unit above the rocket's third-stage was detected and replaced.

Twenty minutes after lift-

this mission) is that this satellite replaces Telstar 402 that was successfully launched over a year ago by an Ariane 42l, but that mission was lost because of an unfortunate problem with the satellite," Herve Loiseau, a semor vice presi-

Company, told a pre-launch news conference.

Telstar 402 was the second in the fourth generation of the Telstar satellite series

ane rocket on Sept. 9, 1994, space officials said. Telstar 401, the first in the series, was successfully put

into operation after a launch off, the rocket released into by an American Atlas rock-ATT declined to state the

value of the Telstar-4 series but industry analysts put the cost of the three satellites, launches and insurance at more than \$600 million.

In 1962, ATT launched Telstar 1, the world's first trans-Atlantic satellite. Telstar 402R will provide

voice, video and data transmissions throughout North America, Mexico and the Caribbean for major broadcasters and leading syndica-

U.S. space sbuttles no longer deploy commercial satellites, a decision made for ATT and was destroyed in 1986 in the aftermath of the Challenger disaster that

opposition demand but

Guiana.

America at 9.06 p.m. local time (0006 GMT). The rocket lit up a clear Equatorial night sky and was visible for more than two minutes on video mon-

Company near Paris.

Originally scheduled for

orbit Telstar 402R a 7,500- et in 1993. pound (3.4 tonne) satellite built by Lockheed Martin Astro Space. "What is important (about

dent for the Arianespace

STANGER, South Africa Buthelezi as his advisor and his demands for greater (AFP) - Zuln nationalist declared himself politically autonomy for Kwazulu-

the IFP's chief rival for

"I revere His Majesty the

King ... He is my king and we shall serve him together in everything we are doing," Mr. Buthelezi said. The rift between Mr. Buthelezi and King Goodwill, close allies for almost 20 years, has been the main feature of the political landscape in Kwazulu-Natal province,

Freedom Party (IFP). During the apartheid years, the monarch was

Bothelezi's

But soon after South Africa's April 1994 historic all-race elections, King Goodwill sacked Mr.

accused of being a puppet in the black homeland run by Mr. Buthelezi, often sharing the platform with him at rallies and cultural gatherings.

Inkatha an order by King Goodwill that the day be used for private prayer and that no mass gatherings be held. Some 5,000 Zulus attend-

in this sugar cane farming town on the Indian Ocean

Mr. Buthelezi, repeating

Natal, said he wanted King Goodwill to lead a new kingdom modelled on the

in the end, His Majesty will reign in the Kingdom (of Kwazulu-Natal) which he will love and in which be will serve for all the days that will be alloted to him," Mr. Buthelezi said.

that no serious incidents had been reported.

lives since 1985.

IFP supporters, many of them armed, travelled to Stanger by train from the Durban township of Kwamashu earlier but no incidents were reported. Col. Naidoo said.

Mr. Buthelezi is due to

Filipina, Indian lover to get 180 lashes

ABU DHABI (AFP) — An islamic court bas sentenced a Filipina maid and her Indian lover to 180 lashes of the whip each and ordered their deportation together with their illegitimate baby, newspapers said Sunday. The court in Sharjah, United Arab Emirates, found the 24-year-old maid and the Indian, 30, guilty of having an illicit relationship, out of wedlock. The case was initiated after the maid's employer found her in labour at home and she admitted to having an affair, Al-Khaleej reported. The couple, who were not named, are to be deported with their baby after the punishment has been carried out.

Ban sought in philippines on 'female' typhoons

MANILA (R) - A Philippine senator Sunday

urged a ban on the use of women's names identifying typhoons, saying it gives a stereotyped picture of women as destructive Ernesto Herrera said he had filed a hill requiring the weather bureau to find other means of naming cyclones. "The practice of giving weather disturbances feminine names might be based on the emoneous and decadent stereotyping of women as moody and whimsical and worse. unreliable or destructive." he said. The bureau bas a list of about 80 Filipina names which it draws from to identify each of the average 19 typhoons that hit this cyclone-prone country every year. The two most recent cyclones, which triggered destructive mudflows from Pinatubo volcano, were called Luding and Ising, local versions of their international namesakes Ryan and Polly. Bureau records said Filipinos learned the babit after World War II from U.S. Air Force forecasters who gave their wives and girlfriends the distinction of having storms named after them. An Australian weatherman, . Clement Wragge, started the pracrice of naming typhoons in the late 19th century, the bureau said. He named typhoons after politicians

Dog survives 6 storey fall

who invited his ire, it said.

WELLINGTON (AFP) -A dog who fell six floors from a Wellington parking garage, plunging through the window of a car below. survived with only a broken toe, a broken jaw and four missing teeth, a report said. John, a two year old Staffordshire bull terrierlabrador cross earlier this week jumped from his owner's car and then over the wall of the parking garage, the Evening Position newspaper reported. Owner Howard Makutu said: "The last thing I saw of him was his back legs going over the side of the building." be watched as his dog smashed through the rear window of a car on the ground floor of the parking garage. He said he took John, dazed and confused, to a vet who fixed up the damage.

Canadian-British film wins Golden Shell Award

SAN SEBASTIAN, Spain (AP) — The Canadian-British film Margaret's Museum directed by Mort Ransen won the Golden Shell Award Saturday, the top prize of the 43rd San Sebastian Film Festival. Starring Helena Bonham Carter, Kate Nelligan Clive Russell and Kenneth Welsh, the film tells the story of a love affair in a coal mining town in the 1940s that ends in tragedy. Mike Figgis won the Best Director Award for Leaving Las Vegas, and Nicolas Cage won the Best Actor Award for his work in the same film.

U.N. Vienna conference set to curb use of landmines

VIENNA (R) - More than 400 children and adults are killed or maimed every week while playing with friends, planting crops or simply walking through the countryside.

Their deaths and injuries are cansed by landmines set in conflicts that may be long over and the United Nations estimates the carnage will go on well into the next century even if governments act now to curb the use of the

weapous. The growing landmine crisis will be the focus of a U.N.-sponsored conference beginning in Vienna Monday to toughen existing international restrictions on the production, sale and use of landmines and other weapons which

strike indiscriminately. U.N. Secretary-General Boutros Ghali in July called for a total ban on the production and use of land

mines. "We must eliminate landmines once and for all...We must ban their use. We must ban their production. We must destroy those that

are stockpiled," he said. Bnt the U.N. chief was unlikely to get the full backing of delegates from the 49 countries which signed a 1980 treaty — the convention on certain conventional weapons — at

the Vienna conference. Other U.N. members have been invited as observers to the review conference which ends on Oct. 13.

The United Nations estimates there to he 110 million live land mines yet to be located in some 64 countries ranging from Angola, Mozambique, Cambodia and the former Yugoslavia.

Land mines have proliferated in conflicts across the globe largely due to the fact that they are easy to obtain, simple to use and, most often, undetectable. Furthermore, they are cheap — prices range from \$3 to \$30.

Leading producers and exporters of landmines include China, successor states of the former Soviet

Union and Italy. In March, Belgium became the first country to pass a law banning the production, export and use of

landmines. The United States has enacted a moratorium on the export of anti-personnel mines which runs until 1996.

But most Western nations attending the conference believe the time is not ripe to push for a complete ban. "A total ban is our even-

tual goal but it's not a realistic goal at this conference," Michael Matheson, the head of the U.S. delegation, told Reuters.

Chechenya talks take break amid mistrust

GROZNY, Russia (AFP) — Demilitarisation negotiations took a one-day break in the Chechen capital Grozny Sunday amid continuing Chechen-Russian mistrust and two anti-

Russian demonstrations. Russian officials said the regular meeting of the Special Observer Special Commission, which is implementing an accord to disarm the Chechen rebels and withdraw most Russian troops, had taken a break so that the Chechens could

heavy weapons.
"We need this break so that the Chechen side can prepare the handing over of heavy weapons and armoured vehicles," said a spokesman for the Russian military command in the breakaway Muslim repub-

organise a handover of

"Both sides agreed to the break," he added. The talks were to resume Monday, Russian officials said.

The deputy head of the Chechen delegation, Abumuslimov, Khassan indicated that the rebels were not ready to hand over the big guas, citing mistrust of the Russians' intention to stick to their side of the

accord. The Chechen side is ready for a meeting today to discuss the handover of arms, but we will not accept disarmament without definite guarantees," he was quoted as saying by ITAR-

TASS news agency. Much of the little heavy weaponry that the rebels still have is captured Russian equipment. In June, shortly before a ceasefire was agreed, frontline rebel positions could be seen armed with only a handful of armoured cars

and heavy guns. and neavy guns. Meanwhile, about 800 people gathered in the southeastern town of Shali to demand a pullout of Russian troops from the

republic.
"I never fought, I was a refugee with my family in Daghestan. I came back because I thought it would be over quickly now," said

could never fight alongside these bandits. But if this disaster continues, I'll be

ohliged to take up arms." In Grozny, more than 700 demonstrators demanded a troop withdrawal and news about the thousands of people the Checbens say have disappeared after being

arrested by the Russians. Zina Sultanova, 40, said the longer Russian troops remained in the republic, the more she supported separatist President Dzhokhar Dudayev, who declared Chechenya independent in 1991 and has led the war since Russian troops stormed Checbenya last

'The Russians have not come to fight Dudayev, but the whole Chechen people. l never used to support Dudayev, but now l'm completely for him. He's the only leader who can oppose this invasion," sbe

December.

On Saturday, Russian President Boris Yeltsin's envoy to Chechenya, Oleg Lobov, said he recognised the need for a troops pull out. "It is to nobody's advantage to keep the Russian army" Chechenya, said Mr. Lobov, who narrowly

escaped an attempt on his life in Grozny Wednesday. "It is time to hand over the functions of the Russian Interior Ministry to our Chechen colleagues," Mr. Lobov said.

Despite the ceasefire declared in mid-June, there are continuous guerrilla attacks on Russian posts and artillery and aerial bombardments by Russian forces on Chechen villages. Two Russian Interior

Ministry officers were badly wounded near the town of Gudermes overnight by rebel gunfire, a spokesman for the Russian command was quoted as saying by

Interfax News Agency. The Russian authorities rarely give numbers for Chechen casualties or information about their forces' shelling and bombing of

Akhmed Akhgayev, 43. "I rebel-held villages. Pakistan police arrest 300 ethnic militants

KARACHI, Pakistan (AP) - Interior Minister Nasrullah Babaar said Sunday that at least 300 members of a militant ethnic group have been arrested in recent weeks and another 300 are being

sought by police. "People are beginning to feel safe," Mr. Babaar told a news conference in Karachi, a port city of 12 million people who bave been terrorised in recent months by relentless

killings. Police blame much of the violence in Karachi on members of the largest faction of the Mohajir Qaumi Movement (MQM), led by Altaf Hussein.

There are also several outstanding warrants for the arrest of Mr. Hussein, a charismatic 39-year-old who has been living in selfimposed exile in Britain for three years.

He has been charged in connection with several onment.

murders and kidnappings. He also has been found guilty in absentia of conspiring to kidnap and sentenced to 27 years impris-Mr. Hussein accuses

Prime Minister Benazir

Bhutto's government of

fabricating the charges and

refuses to return to Pakistan

saying he wouldn't get a

Mr. Blocher's supporters in next month's poll will determine Switzerland is experiencing a move towards popnlism and nationalism, as has been the case in countries such as France,

entry into the European

launch Friday, countdown after it exploded minutes the Challenger disaster was halted and the mission after separation from an ari-killed seven astronauts.

leader Mangosuthn Bnthelezi Sunday pledged his loyalty to Zulu King Goodwill Zwelithini, his estranged nephew, more

European question. European question. Although Swiss public than a year after the monarch broke ties with opinion appears to be turnhim ing in favour of entry into Mr. Buthelezi, in an Europe, a substantial prounusually conciliatory portion of the population speech at a rally commemo-— especially in the German-speaking countryrating the death of 18th century Zulu Emperor Shaka, said he would "do everyside — is still opposed. In a referendum three years thing to preserve the Zuln ago, the Swiss rejected

throne."

Economic Area as a prelude to joining the European Union. The results obtained by whether

Belgium, Italy and Austria. According to political analysts, Switzerland's problems lie in the fact that it is currently experiencing economic difficulties, due partly to the strength of the franc and partly to a four per cent unemployment rate - low compared to the rest of Europe but a new phenomenon here.

Buthelezi pledges loyalty to Zulu king

neutral. Senior members of Mr. Buthelezi's party have since claimed that the king sold out to President Nelson Mandela's ruling African National Congress (ANC),

political power. The issue of the king's political position and status lies at the heart of the contest between the ANC and the IFP for the support of South Africa's eight million

Royal Council and the ANC described as political rallies disguised as cultural events.

ed the rally at Shaka's tomb

seaboard.

Zulus, the country's largest ethnic group.
One of the main reasons for the breakdown in the relationship between Mr. Buthelezi and the king was the IFP leader's insistence on holding what the king's

The IFP went ahead with the annual "Shaka Day" which is dominated by Mr. rally Sunday, in defiance of

The ANC instructed its supporters in the province not to attend the gathering.

nation built by Shaka who unified, mostly through violent conquest, all the tribes in this region. "I am absolutely sure that

Despite heightened tension surrounding the Shaka Day celebrations, police spokesman Colonel Bala Naidoo told AFP Sunday

An average of 40 people die each weekend in Kwazulu-Natal in clashes between the ANC and IFP which have claimed 10,000

A group of about 2,000

address another Shaka's Day rally in the black township of Umlazi, just south of Durban, Monday.

named, are to be depore

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who invited his near Dog survivesi storey fall

the late 19th century.

bureau sant lic mas

Dippende the boling

WITTENGTON (AFFE A dog who tell six le from a Wellington pade brush, himiling my the window of a carbe survived with only att ken toe, a broken pag John missing teeth, and said John a two years Stationishure bull ten labrador cross earlier week numped from t ow ner ven unlihenm the wall of the public garage, the Evening Re newspaper report Owner Bound Mills and the last thing be of him was his back to

come over the side of the building he watched! his dog situated three the rear window of a care the ground floor of parking parties He sale look John, david and at lused, to a ver who pie up the distrige

Canadian-British film wins Golden Shell Award

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Sebastan John Bonbar
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Clive Russell and kellent
Welsh, the film fells the Washington Post reported Carter. Kate Clave Russell and kennel as Clave Russell and kennel as welsh, the film tells may be story of a love aftair in the coal mining power meds in many power for the Figure award and the Figure award and the first award for his work award for his work award for his work award for his work award for his same film in the same film. Prompted by complaints by the U.S. Congress, CIA Director John Deutch launched an inquiry into the Organisation (NRO) and in the same film

Super secret U.S. agency quietly builds up \$1b in unspent funds WASHINGTON (AFP) — name was classified until the post. A super secret agency that three years ago, supervises manages U.S. spy satellites the design, development, has managed to build up a procurement and launching of satellites and manoeu-

of a \$300 million NRO

headquarters in the Virginia

The luxurious headquar-

ters was being financed out

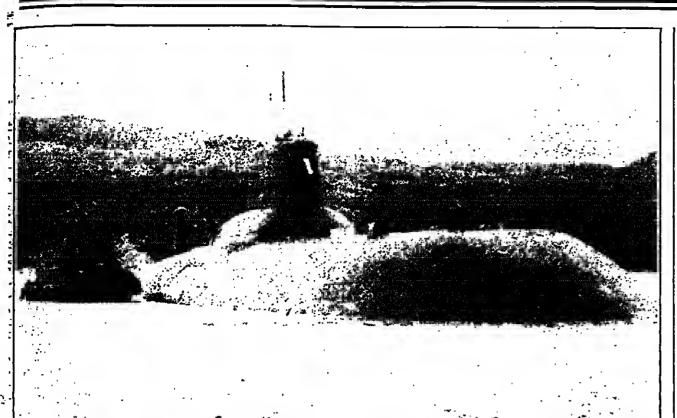
of operating funds without

nated targets.

suburbs.

Mr. Deutch told the Post the agency, which received money in advance for multi-year, billion dollar vres them to cover desigprogrammes,. satellite allowed money to pile up The unspent funds were when spending took place uncovered after the Senate Intelligence Committee at a slower than expected questioned the construction

The post cited a congressional aide as saying that the unspent funds totalled as much as \$1.7 billion, while other sources said it may be less than a billion a specific congressional The NRO, whose very appropriation, according to



NUCLEAR SCARE: A July 1995 photo shows a Russian Akula (Sbark) class nuclear submarine preparing to dock at the Russian naval base in Murmansk at Kola peninsula. The latest nuclear scare to hit Russia, with claims of a submarine reactor meltdown only being avoided by the intervention of armed troops, has highlighted the chaos in the country's power industry. Reports said that the reactors of four nuclear submarines based in Murmansk came close to uncontrollable nverheating after local electricity company cut off the power to the base because of unpaid bills (AFP photo)

Minister rules out Hong Kong move to Britain

LONDON (R) — Interior calling oo Britain to grant port under the British Minister Michael Howard, the right of abode to 3.3 Nationality (Hong Kong) seeking to quell a growing immigration row, Sunday ruled out allowing three million Hong Kong people into Britain after China takes over the colony in

Chris Patten sparked the anger of Beijing and right-wingers in Britain's ruling Conservative Party after

million residents.

Bnt Home Secretary Howard promptly ruled out such a move. "There is no anestion of giving three million people in Hong Kong the right to live in this Hong Kong Governor country," he told GMTV television.

Britain granted 50,000 residents of the colony the right to a full British pass-

Act 1990, after China's crackdown on pro-democracry demonstrations centred in Beijing's Tiananmen Square in 1989.

Mr. Howard said: "We would make available the possibility of coming to this country to 50,000 heads of families. That was the decision reached then. We don't intend to change it."

Mr. Patten stirred up cootroversy on the emotive issue of race with comments he made from Hong Kong on a BBC Radio talk show

Colin Powell tests U.S. readiness for a black president

John F. Kennedy smashed barriers to became the first Catholic president of the United States and Ronald Reagan buried the notinn that the White House was closed to a divorcee.

Nnw, as retired Gen. Cnlin Powell ponders a run for the presidency, the question is whether America is ready for a black in the White

For the moment, the enormonsly popular retired chairman of the Joint Chiefs nf Staff is wowing crowds that queue up for blocks in a 26-city promotion tour waiting for him to autograph his book, My American Juurney.

He is riding high in polls with a favourability rating as high as 71 per cent, and more whites than blacks back him. Surveys show he could give front-running Sen. Boh Dole a close fight for the Republican nomination if he ran for it and according to current sentiment, at least - could beat President Bill Clinton if he

did become the Republican nominee.

But while Mr. Kennedy, especially, overcame a serious issue of religious intolerance in modern American politics, race still looms as an ever-present obstacle. Few would claim the nation

is colour-hlind even nnw,

some 130 years after the

civil war and the emancipation of American slaves. Gen. Powell, who says be will make a decision on running in November after his book tour ends, has told interviewers that race is

among the factors he is

weighing in his own mind.

The ramrod-straight general who favours sombre business suits and conservative metal-framed eyeglasses has faced reality as to whether white America will actually vote for him in the privacy of the voting booths.

"A number of my very close black friends have said to me, 'Colin, don't fool yourself. When they go into that voting booth, they just won't pull the lever for

view: "I disagree with that. I think we may well be at a point in nur national life where such a thing could happen ... We really are at a point in nur national life where we have progressed so far that it is possible for a black person to become president."

For the moment, Gen. Powell is mit even saying if he would run as a Republican or an independent. although be has pretty much ruled out challenging Mr. Clinton as a Democrat.

The key to the black-president questinn in Gen. Powell's case may prove to he this: Surveys suggest the general — America's top military officer during the 1991 Gulf War triumph, and in the public spotlight long before that — is not viewed as merely a black candidate or even as someone whose constituency is basically made up of hlacks. Blacks make up about 12.5 per cent of the population.

Polls show most of Gen. Powell's support comes from whites.

book tour, an August poli by U.S. News And World Report showed that Gen. Powell was looked upon favourably by 71 per cent of all thuse sampled — 57 per cent of blacks but also 73 per cent of whites.

He had only a 5 per cent unfavourable rating among both groups.

If Gen. Powell decides tn run as a Republican, a Los Angeles Times poll said his moderate views favouring gun control and affirmative action hiring preferences for minorities have not hurt him among Republicans polled. Only his stand favouring legalised abortions would hurt him on the Republican

Gen. Powell was horn 58 years ago, the son of hardworking Jamaican immigrants. He spent 35 years as a professinnal soldier and lately as adviser to presidents, including a stint as national security adviser to Mr. Reagan. He retired from the military in 1993.

Volunteer group says hundreds injured in Sri Lanka bombing

NEW DELHI, India (Agencies) - In a new offensive against Tamil rebels, Sri Lankan warplanes have bombed civilian targets in the rebel-beld north, killing at least 42 children, an international of Jaffna. relief agency said.

Under new censorship rules imposed by the government in Colombo, no rinformation about the offensive was immediately -allowed to be published in Sri Lanka.

In a statement released in Paris, Medicins Sans Frontieres, or Doctors Without Borders, said about 200 people were injured Thursday and Friday in the northern Jaffna peninsula, the stronghold of Tamil rebels who are fighting for independence.

In one incident Friday, bombs fell on a school near Point Pedro on the northern coast. Of some 150 children who were wounded, 15 died within three hours of being brought to hospital,

the group said. A rebel spokesman in London said he had information about the attacks Friday, but did not have precise casualty figures. He estimated that as many as 50 people may have been

"In all, at least 42 children have died at Point Pedro Hospital" since Thursday, the Paris-based group said. It did not say how the other children received fatal

This was the second military offensive reported against the rebels since

billioo dollars in unspent

funds without informing its

supervisors at the CIA and

National Reconnassaince

ordered a restructuring of

its financial management.

Pentagon, the

killed in the six-day campaign, in which government troops moved toward the main rebel base in the city

Regulations that took effect in Sri Lanka Thursday prohibit publishing or broadcasting information related to military operations, procurement of arms or supplies and deployment of troops and equipment without approval by a military cen-

The rebels have been fighting for a homeland in the north and east for minority Tamils since 1983. They accuse the Sinhalese majority of widespread discrimination in jobs and education. More than 36,000 people have been killed in

Meanwhile thousands of Buddhist monks opposing the Sri Lankan government's peace package to end a 12-year separatist war staged a protest march Sunday urging President Chandrika Kumaratunga not to divide the island

nation into ethnic regions. "We want to ensure Sri Lanka's territorial integrity," said the venerable Assaji, one of the monks taking part in the protest march in the central hill country town of Kandy

He told Reuters Sunday's march by some 3,000 monks was the start of an islandwide protest camagainst Mrs. Kumaratunga's peace plan July, when the government offering extensive autono-

launched its higgest anti- my to minority Tamils to try-At least 300 people were more than 50,000 people have died.
"We want protection for

peaceful people and for the government to safeguard Buddhism in Sri Lanka,"

"There is no discriminatioo against Tamils," Palipane Chandananda, one of the chief priests who organised the protest told a meeting after the march. They occupy important posts and technically they can become anything except the president and prime minister."

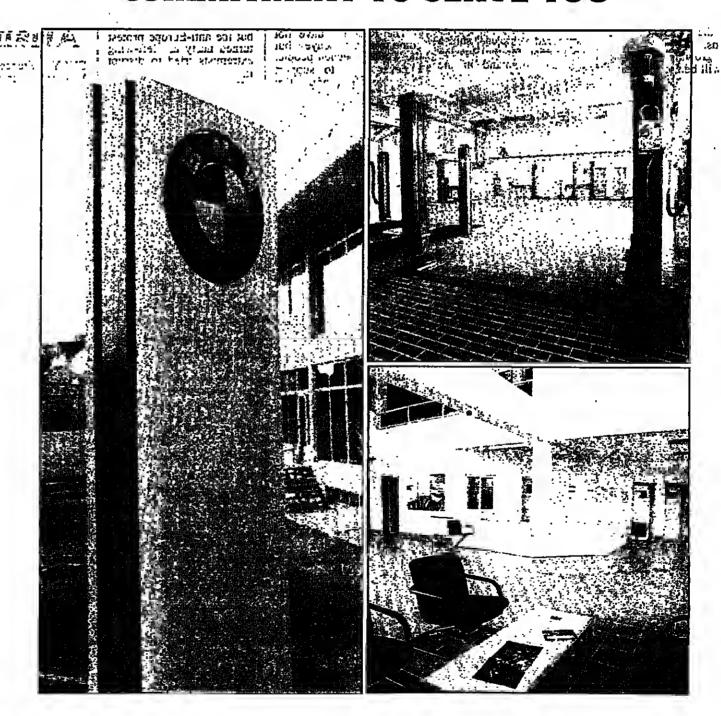
Sri Lanka's constitution would allow a Tamil to become president but chances of this happening are remorte as 74.0 per cent of the country's 17 millinn people are Sinhalese.

Almost 70 per cent of Sinhalese are Buddhist and many oppose Mrs. Kumaratunga's devolution plan, fearing it could be a stepping stone to the independent homeland Tamil Tiger guerrillas are fighting for in the north and east.

The government has promised to water down the plan by incorporating safeguards to ensure the country's territorial integrity.

Mrs. Kumaratunga said in a recent interview she would introduce compulsory military service for ynuths over 18 years of ageif opposition to ber peace package prolonged the war against the Tamil rebels.

OUR NEW BMW SERVICE CENTER DEMONSTRATES THE EXTENT OF OUR **COMMITMENT TO SERVE YOU**



Abunameh Trading Co. will soon be opening one of the most elaborate and advanced BMW service centers in the region. The new center employs a team of highly trained and experienced personnel, and is supervised by expatriate expertise from the

mother company in Germany. The new service center is fitted

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Jordan Times

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Signs of new era

IT IS becoming increasingly obvious that Washington alone is calling the shots in the Bosnian conflict. U.S. special envoy Richard Hollbrooke appears to be making all the decisions whether they are those which had to do with the resumption of aerial attacks on Serb positions or their interruption in a bid to advance the peace process between the warring groups in the former Yugoslavia. The minute the U.S. stepped in to play a role in the effort to end the fighting in Bosnia, the conflict began to witness the first signs of resolution. All previous efforts, whether by the U.N. Security Council or the European Union proved useless until the U.S. decided to intervene politically and militarily. This has become very obvious to all the concerned parties, including the Serbs who began to yield to U.S. military and political pressure and started to withdraw their heavy weapons from Sarajevo's exclusion zone.

The question that remains unanswered, however, is why U.S. President Bill Clinton took so long to move to resolve the problem in Bosnia. Some cynics suggest that President Clinton decided to wait so long for reelection purposes. The timing of the U.S. intervention after so many years of bloodshed in the conflict between the Bosnians, the Croats and the Serbs suggests that Washington may not have wished to intervene earlier for reasons of domestic nature. But there could be more credible, political and military factors that contributed to the belated U.S. intervention. It is just possible that Washington wanted to demonstrate that it is the only superpower and that the Europeans and the U.N. cannot really deliver much on this or any major conflict without the full participation of the U.S. As a matter of fact, the U.S. left the door wide open for the European states to clean up the mess in their own backyard but after more than three years, Western Europe proved the U.S.' point that it was unable to provide a workable peace formula in the

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

A WRITER in Al Ra'i Sunday called on the Arab people to collect contributions like tents, blankets and food and to send them to the stranded Palestinians in the desert region near the Libyan-Egyptian border. Sultan Al Hattab said that the Palestinians who have been deported from Libya are exposed to heat during the day and the desert coldness at night and are in dire need of help. Only representatives of the Red Cross and UNRWA arrived at the scene to inspect the deported refugees needs for assistance, he said, an Israeli journalist also visited the Palestinians to write a report on the situation but no representatives of the Arab media or any other Arab organisation appeared on the scene over the past weeks, said the writer. He said it is true that the Libyans committed a crime against the Palestinians by evicting them from their homes and treating them in an inhuman manner, but it is the responsibility of the Arab countries to extend a helping hand to the stranded Palestinians. It is a shame for the Arab countries to see the Palestinian refugees neglected and stranded in this manner and it is ironic to see the number of refugee camps increasing instead of decreasing, said the writer. He was the world community's silence vis-a-vis this human tragedy and the Arab countries passive attitude towards the expelled Palestinians are shameful acts no less outrageous than the Libyan crime.

A WRITER in Al Dustour said that Amman Municipality is directing its attention only to Western Amman districts in preparing for the economic summit in Amman next month and is ignoring the central downtown areas. Mohammad Daoud said that the guests, including the journalists who will be covering the event, are likely to visit the downtown areas of the city where they would find pavements and streets in unsuitable conditions. The writer said that it is most likely that the visitors would like to visit the central shopping areas and the alleys and side streets and would like to talk to the Amman residents to sound out their views about political, social and economic issues, said the writer. The scores of journalists who will be covering the econom summir should carry the best image about Amman and the hospitality of its people and the cleanliness of its environment, continued the writer. Furthermore, be said, tite residents of the eastern and other districts are also tax-payers and deserve services.

The dollar continues its roller-coaster ride

By Leheb Abdul Wahab

THE DRAMATIC plunge in the value of the U.S. dollar, as witnessed in the first half of the year vis-avis the Japanese yen and Deutsche mark, seems to be over, with a reverse pattern now firmly in place as the greenback reigns supreme.

The dollar has been the world's major reserve currency since World War II, meaning that other countries use it as a "means of payment" and hold it in their treasuries as a secure value. Respect for the dollar, has made it the linchpin of global finance, greatly enhanced American prestige and allowed the country to run up foreign debts and trading deficits that less powerful currencies could not sustain.

However, with foreign investors steadily dumping dollars to buy yen and marks during the past decade, the U.S. currency now accounts for only about 60 per cent of the world's reserve holdings down from 70 per cent in 1984. On the other hand, America's budget and trade deficit have flooded the world with printing-press dollars and as a result the simple mechanics of supply and demand continue to put pressure on the currency's international price. By running a huge trade deficit. America continues to flood the world with dollardenominated debt to compensate for its inability to pay its way. The money raised by such financing ends up paying for America's imports that exceed its exports, with an accumulated net \$600 billion of debt in non-American hands, the U.S. is by far the

world's biggest borrower. With the dollar falling steadily since the signing of the Plaza Accord on September 1985 — when industrial nations convening in New York agreed to reduce its value - both Japanese and German investors are believed to have lost more than \$300 billion on their American portfolios, notwithstanding the barm impinged on their exports, that a too strong currency could exert by simply pricing them out of international markets, choking as a result their domestic econo-

The German Central Bank's move to cut two of its key lending rates by late August 1995, came, therefore, as no surprise, reflecting concern by the Bundesbank — which the Bonn government has no control of its policies — that an excessively strong Deutsche mark was severely burting the German economy.

The Bundesbank move

The Bundesbank move was part of a rare event in global finance, when the world's three most powerful banks — the Fed, the Bank of Japan and the Bundesbank — joined in a concerted bout of dollar buying to bolster the dollar and

drive down the value of the yen and mark,

Officials at the Bundesbank decided to cut its discount rate to 3.5 per cent from 4 per cent and its Lombard rate to 5.5 per cent from 6 per cent. The "discount rate" is the lowest rate at which banks can borrow from the central bank to meet their shortterm cash needs. The "Lombard rate" is a socalled punitive rate, the bighest rate at which banks use only in emergencies and when they need excessive amounts of funding. The two rates form a floor and ceiling for sbort-term bor-

rowing cost in Germany.

In a further development

and amid growing fears that the Japanese economy is slipping into a recession. largely the result of a strong yen that has made its exporters unable to produce goods economically, forcing the "Hollowing-out" of its economy, i.e. the transfer of manufacturing from Japan to low-labour-costs areas with wage earners at home bearing a heavy brunt, the Bank of Japan sliced its key interest rate to the lowest level in the country's history. The Central Bank slasbed its discount rate in early September 1995, by half a percentage point to 0.5 per cent, the lowest level ever in an industrial country, at least since the end of World War

Theoretically, lowering rates in Japan makes yen-

and deposits less attractive than dollar-based ones, thereby increasing demand for the U.S. dollar. The cut in interest rates was further coupled by the daily intervention of the Bank of Japan with purchases of dollars estimated at 400 million, as a consequence, the dollar exceeded the important psychological barrier of 100 yen, a 25 per cent rise

from its spring low of less than 80 yen.

Indeed, the aim of the

Central Bank of Japan's massive buying is to drive the dollar to a level where it triggers a "self-sustaining" flow of funds, in other words, where the money flowing out of Japan in the form of foreign investments about equals the amount of export revenue flowing in. The fundamental problem lies with the "inflow," the enormous trade surplus running at close to \$130

billion a year.

Vexing, as that surplus is to Japan's trade partners, the export revenue inflows have been suffocating Japan driving the yen relentlessly higher and domestic economic growth inexorably lower. If left unchecked, the appreciation of the yen would ultimately price Japanese goods out of world markets and radically reduce the trade surplus. but at the same time it would wreck the domestic economy. The preferred solution is for Japan to import more, so that payments for goods and income from exports come close to balancing as they cross the foreign exchange market. But that's a long-term solution, one that will require diligent administration work to make the country more open to imports. In the meantime outflows from Japan to purchase foreign securities would have the same effect as stepped-up imports of goods on the exchange market, creating demand for foreign currency to offset the demand for yen from Japanese exporters repat-

riating revenues.

The critical question now is whether the current weakness of the yen, en-gineered by the Bank of Japan through its huge interventions and repeated reductions in domestic interest rates, can convince Japanese investors that it is safe to resume buying foreign securities and that the yen is unlikely to substantially strengthen in the future. Even optimists agree that the answer is not likely to be known for some months. With the Japanese government second supplementary budget expected to be announced soon amidst anticipating that the government will present sizeable new spending plans to promptly boost production and demand, the dollar could trade in a range of 100-110 yen between now and year end. buoyed by both an accelera-

tion of outflows into foreign

investment and an unwinding of currency hedges by Japanese exporters.

To sum up. it is in everybody's interest to have ; higher dollar: Japan to get out of its recessionary spiral and Germany because its economy has turned out more sluggish than the Bundesbank thought. The dollar could, therefore, end the year cruising between 100 and 110 yen and 1.55 to 1.60 DM due to the policy moves that have bootstrapped the dollar higher and to the fundamentals that are in its favour, mainly the declining rates of inflation, an improving budget deficit. which has been shrinking for the past two years - ii now stands at \$203 billion and the trend is commuing in fiscal 1995 - and slower interest rates abroad. In addition, the situation is improving in Mexico, which had a significant drag on the U.S. economy - with Washington setting aside a \$20 billion package deal early in the year to bail-out the Mexican economy which may have been the catalyst for the dollars free fall in the first quarter of the year.

The writer is an economist at the United Nanons Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia (ESCWA). The views expressed in the above article, which he contributed to the Jordan Times, do not necessarily reflect the views of the United Nations.

America is selling Israel as 'gateway to Middle Eastern markets'

IN THE following article, which he published in the Israeli newspaper Ha'aretz, U.S. Ambassador to Tel Aviv Martin Indyk tells Israelis that some American businesses are beginning to conclude that by establishing a base in Israel, they can open the door to a Middle Eastern market of 300 million people. The article is reprinted from the USIS Wireless File.

I HAVE JUST returned to Israel from a short visit to New York and Chicago, My purpose? To sell Israel to the American business community. Some might think that is the task of an Israeli diplomat but my concern is to lobby American firms to come and make money in Israel. I told them there were great opportunities: Billions of dollars worth of infrastructure projects; Israeli consomers with money tospend and a penchant for American products; and high-tech companies on the cutting edge looking for American investment partners. They were surprised to hear of Israel's \$80 billion GNP, of an economy growing at 8 per cent per annum, of per capita income outstripping that of Spain and Ireland.

What really interested them, bowever, was the potential of Israel as a gateway to the Middle Eastern market and as a trade and transportation bub between the markets of Europe and the Middle East. To be sure, they are attracted by the unique opportunities now available in a booming economy. But Israle, on its own, represents a market of mere 5 million people. Alone, it cannot hope to sustain its attractiveness in competition with the newly emerging markets in India. China, and the Far East that are one bundred times as large. So, when American busi-

ness looks at Israel, they want to know not only whether they can make money in the short term, but also whether by establishing a base here they can open the door to a much larger Middle Eastern market of 300 million people down the road. For the first time, some of the larger American firms are concluding that the proposition is worth testing.

It is ironic that just as America is exploring the potential of a Western-oriented Israeli gateway to the Middle Eastern market, Israeli business has become disillusioned with the prospect. Put off by Arab concern and continuing Arab worry that Israel might dominate the Middle East

economically, some Israelis have chosen the path of least resistance, leap-frogging the Middle East to take advantage of oew opportunities in the Far East, Central Asia and Eastern Europe. This has obvious benefits, but it risks forteiting Israel's loog term prospects in the Middle East. A more prudent and productive approach is to try to do both: While exploiting the immediate prospects outside the Middle East, Israel sbould begin to develop a long-term, ness plan to build economic and commercial relations

with its Arab partners in the

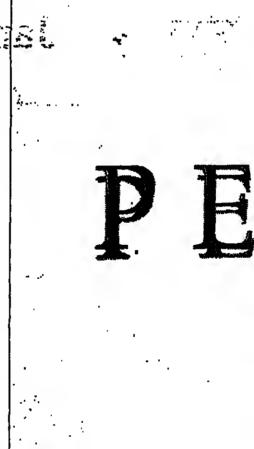
peace process. Such a plan would have to start by recognising constraints. Israel does not produce much of what the Arabs want to buy. Eventually, the Gulf Arabs may provide a market for Israeli high-tech products, but Israel will face tough competition because the Gulf states can afford to pay for the best from the West. Second, for a long-time to come, Israel's Arab partners will continue to fear Israel's dominance. This is partly because Israel's economy is already larger than all of its Arab neighbours' economies combined. But it is also because of centuries of dominance by outside powers and a legacy of bitterness towards Israel engendered by decades of hostility and conflict. These concerns will fade with time but, in the meantime, they require an approach based on realistic expectations and heightened sensitivity to the fears of Israel's

potential partners.
That said, much business can be done, if Israel's comparative advantages are skillfully linked to Arab needs to create opportunities. First, Israel can translate its larger economy into an asset by mobilising capital for joint ventures, investments, and regional projects. Israeli investors need to be on the front line. Israel's experience in dealing with large multinational can reduce the business risk many will still associate with an investment in the

Second, Israel can use its

leadership in advanced technologies to propel the region into world class industries. Io agriculture, Israel leads the world in integrating agricultural research with water- and land-efficient equipment such as drip irrigation and fertilisation systems, leading to new and better varieties of food products. in microelectronics and computer software, Israel can link its current shortage of engineers and designers to a growing number of capable professionals in the Arab World. Israel can also play an essential role in

Middle East.





developing high quality and high tech medical services and medical products for the region and the world. Third, Israel can take

Third, Israel can take positive actions to close infrastructure gaps that will enable the Middle East to take off as a regional business unit. Transportation, air, sea and land links must be planned and executed to facilitate the movement of people, goods, and services within the region and to extra-regional markets.

Telecommunications capabilities and services, essential to global business, are badly in need of upgrades and integration. Reliable and cheap electric power, good water and sewage systems, modern office complexes and industrial parks — all these are areas where regional projects make sense.

Israel and ber neighbours have unique and world class natural, cultural, historical and religious sites that cry out for regional development. Long divided by the politics of the last century, a regional vision may restore to tourists something of the field of view of Nabatea, Petra, of Roman Bet Sbe'an, Alexandrian Jerash, Samson's Gaza, and the Crusader's Caesaria and

Akko. The coral reefs in the Gnlf of Aqaba and the unique features of the Dead Sea need development on new touristic facilities from hotels and restaurants to museums and nature centres. Because of its modern airport facilities, and new facilities like the Arava International Airport already in the planning stages, Israel could become a bub for regional visitors interested in archaeological, cultural, and eco-tourism. Here Israel will also need to help its neighbours realise tourism's full potential.

Finally, Israel can use its

existing free trade arrangements with the United States and the European Union in concert with emerging bilateral and regional trade agreements to ensure that the products of joint ventures enjoy duty-free access to the West's buge markets. In the longterm, Israel and ber neighbours will need to tap complementary capabilities to facilitate the flow of goods and services. Tariff barriers will need to be steadily reduced to allow fair, free market competition. Israel can lead the way in developing regionally based industries housed in free trade zones which target

world markets. On the borizon before us is a major opportunity to lay the groundwork for this overall approach. On October 29-31. King Hussein of Jordan will host the Amman Economic Summir. Senior executives from more than 700 corporations from all over the Middle East and all over the world will come together to discuss the opportunities that can be created to do business together. Unlike last year's augural Middle East and North Africa Economic Summit in Casablanca, this summit will be specially tailored to meer the needs of business people by helping them make a contact with their potential partners, by briefing them on the opportunities for regional cooperation and by providing them with information on how to do business in the

Arab World and Israel.
President (Bill) Clinton is co-sponsoring the conference with President (Boris) Yeltsin. As an indication of his commiment to the summit's purposes, the American delegation will be beaded by Secretary of State (Warren) Christopher and Secretary of Commerce Ron Brown. They will bead a delegation of 150 execu-

tives from major American corporations interested in doing business in the Middle East. At Amman. Israel's private sector will have a unique opportunity to meet its counterparts from the Arab World and the United States. They will have a chance to participate in a multilateral effort to link the last major trading bloc in the world to global business.

Israel's role in this regard was driven home to me in New York this week. One of America's largest and most successful financiers told me of an encounter he had with an Israeli and an Egyptian businessman who had come to him to seek backing for a joint venture. What impressed him much more than their interesting business plan was the relationship between them. It was obvious to him that the Israeli understood his Arab partner much better than an American could. This is the essense of the new partnership that can be built between Israel and its Arab neighbours, a partnership for peace and prosperity in which the private sector becomes the engine that pulls the Middle East into the global market of the 21st

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Macroeconomic and structural reforms set Jordan on path of sustained growth - IMF

THE INTERNATIONAL Monetary Fund (IMF) recently completed the 1995 Article IV consultation with Jordan and the third review under Jordan's extended fund facility and the third review under Jordan's extended fund facility arrangement approved in May 1994 in support of Jordan's medium-term economic reform programme. The following article, based on a review by an IMF staff ream headed by Edouard Maciejewski, with Ahsan Mansur, Parricia Alonso-Gamo, Etienne de Callatay, and John McDermott. reviews recent economic developments in Jordan and its progress with structural reform. It also describes the package of structural reforms aimed at further opening up the economy adopted in early September by the Jordanian

Macroeconomic consolidation

In recent years, Jordan has made major progress toward achieving macroeconomic stabilisation and sustained economic growth. Its success in achieving high real growth with continued price stability and a strengthening halance of payments is attributable to the government's stabilisation and reform strategy adopted in the wake of the balance of payments crisis of the late 1980s. The strategy was strengthened further in the aftermath of the August 1990 Middle East crisis. through structural reform and macroeconomic adjustment programmes since 1992. Jordan's adjustment efforts have been supported by a stand-by arrangement from the IMF during 1992-93; since 1994, Jordan has had an extended arrangement from the IMF, sectoral loans from the World Bank, and obtained generous official external debt reschedulings from the Paris Club official bilateral creditors.

Overall, Jordan's macroeconomic performance during 1992-94 has been solid and prospects for 1995 are generally favourable. Real growth, inflation, and fiscal adjustment bave been much better than anticipated, and the balance of payments adjustment stronger than targeted under its adjustment programme. After several years of decline or virtual stagnation, economic activity gained considerable momentum in 1992, with real GDP growth exceeding 16 per cent. The pace of economic expansion was sustained during 1993-94, averaging six per cent annually, reflecting mainly strong activity in construction and a solid recovery of agriculture, trade, and manufacturing. The economy's favourable supply response and import prices, coupled with prudent demand management policies, contributed to a sharp decelaration of inflation, to the four-to-five per cent range, during 1992-94. And despite high labour force growth, the unemployment rate declined to 12-15 per cent during 1993-94 from a peak of 25 per cent in 1990.

Jordan's overall fiscal deficit declined to seven per cent of GDP in 1992 (excluding the effect of nonrecurring

revenues) from nearly 18 per cent in 1991. It fell further to less than 6 per cent of GDP in 1994, reflecting the effect of discretionary measures and strong economic growth.

The favourable fiscal results and cautious credit policy stance contained the growth of the net domestic assets of the banking system to less than 8 per cent in 1992. Supported by the improved fiscal position, monetary expansion remained well below the increase in nominal GDP during 1993-94.

On the external front, the current account deficit narrowed by three percentage points to 14 per cent of GDP in 1992, and further by eight percentage points to 6.5 per cent of GDP in 1994. This outcome was attributable to the continuing strong performance of remittances, nontraditional exports - which rose at an annual average rate of 14 per cent in dollar terms during 1992-94 - and a strong recovery of tourism receipts.

These developments, together with larger-than anticipated transfers of worker savings, brought the overall halance of payments deficits below programme targets in both 1992 and 1993, and gross official reserves exceeded programme targets in both years. In 1994, the reserves position weakened, however, largely reflecting the effect of regional uncertainties resulting from the peace process and the potential redemption of Jordan dinars circulating in the West Bank. Reserves improved significantly in the second half of 1994, in response to a substantial monetary tightening, but remained low relative to the programme

Structural reforms

Under its medium-term economic reform programme, Jordan had planned to pursue structural reform in a number of areas, in particular:

Carry forward the process of structural reforms initiated in late 1988, particularly tariff reform and reform of the indirect tax system — through the introduction of a general sales tax (GST) — and the direct tax system; - Introduce indirect monetary control and a number of other financial reform measures:

- Move toward external current account convertibility; - Implement reforms in the agriculture and water and

energy sectors; and - Improve the regulatory framework for domestic and foreign investments.

The tariff reform programme initiated in 1988 was concluded in early 1992, with a further reduction of the maximum tariff rate (by 10 percentage points) to 50 per cent (except for few luxury items). Further progress was made in late 1994; basic tariffs exceeding 50 per cent were reduced to 50 per cent or less (except for three items); as a

result, together with the surcharge and other fees, border taxes were reduced to 70 per cent or less, and the effective

tariff rate was cut to 21 per cent. In June 1994, in order to broaden the domestic tax base and improve the elasticity and efficiency of the tax system. the government replaced the consumption tax system by a GST at the manufacturing and import stages. Its main features included a basic rate of seven per cent and a rate of 20 per cent applying to 30 items (mainly luxury goods), tax

credit for inputs to remove cascading of taxes at different stages of production, and a limited list of exemptions.

In September 1993, the authorities began issuing central bank JD-denominated certificates of deposits, as a new limited list of the september 1993. indirect instrument of monetary control. Since then, indirect monetary control operations and other supporting reforms have strengthened steadily, with the Central Bank of Jordan implementing monetary policy via a reserve money programme and using an indirect monetary control mechanism to effectively influence domestic interest rates. without resorting to ad hoc and arbitrary use of credit limits. Commercial hanks have been responding efficiently to the Central Bank's interest rate policy, which is being pursued through open market operations.

Jordan has also made progress in liberalising its exchange system. Following several steps to liberalise current account restrictions, in February 1995 Jordan accepted the obligations of the IMF's Article VIII. Sections 2. 3 and 4. under which it undertakes to refrain from imposing restrictions on current international transactions or engag-ing in discriminatory currency arrangements or multiple currency practices without IMF approval.

In the agriculture and water sectors, the authorities abolished control of cropping patterns and reduced the average tariff on agricultural imports to 30 per cent, as part of the reform effort supported by a World Bank agricultural sector adjustment loan. Under the ongoing reform of the energy sector operations supported by a World Bank energy sector adjustment loan, the authorities are seeking to achieve certain financial targets in the operations of the Jordan Electricity Authority (JEA); and to formulate a restructuring plan for the power sector, including the incorporation of the JEA and establishment of a new oil and gas company. Furthermore, as part of its public sector enterprise reform and privatisation programme, the gov-ernment has sold a large part of its shares in the Jordan Hotels and Tourism Company, and has completed commercialisation of the Alia Gateway Hotels and duty free shops at the Amman International Airport. The government-owned Telecommunications Corporation is authorising the private sector to provide complementary services; and a strategy to privatise the corporation is

expected to be completed by the end of 1995 with World Bank support.

New reform package

Further progress in structural reform is expected in the near future, following the recent passage by Parliament of package of additional reform measures. The package

- Several amendments to the GST system;

- A reform of corporate and personal income tax; and A new investment law.

The package is expected to be implemented by the rime of the Amman economic summit in late October 1995. The GST policy reform measures include an increase in the hasic rate to 10 per cent; extension of the sales tax to services according to an extended positive list; voluntary registration of taxpayers below a certain threshold; and provisions for introducing a supplementary duty on

selected luxury products, cars, alcohol and tohacco. With regard to the direct tax system, the improvements include the elimination of tax holidays (except for investments in less developed areas); limitation of tax deductahility to net interest payments; reduction in the number of tax rates and the maximum tax rates for both personal and corporate income taxes to 35 per cent from 50 per cent; rationalisation of corporate income tax rates, with a view to treating all corporate sectors equally by establishing three flat corporate tax rates of 15 per cent for companies in 'encouraged' sectors (mining, industry, hotels and hospitals), 35 per cent for banks and financial institutions, and 25 per cent for all other companies; encouragement of capital accumulation by imposing a withholding tax of 10 per cent on distributed profits; and broadening the tax base by reducing and simplifying exemptions and applying uniform

standard deductions for all wage earners.

The new Investment Law replaces both the Encouragement and Investment law of 1978 and the Law Governing Arab and Foreign Investment Law of 1992. It provides for equal treatment of all investors, eliminate distinction between projects in the same sector, rationalises the incentive structure, and opens the financial market to all

The package is expected to be complemented later this year hy a law governing the operations of the Amman Financial Market; further reform measures to deepen the financial markets, and a further tariff reform. Overall, the proposed reforms are consistent with the authorities' medium-term private-sector- and export-led strategy. They should place Jordan in a position to benefit from prospective regional developments and new trade and financial

Breakthrough accord hailed

(Continued from page 1)

expanded Palestinian self-rule," Mr. Godal added.

British Foreign Secretary

Malcolm Rifkind hailed the

initialling of the PLO-Israel

agreement and praised both

"I applaud the efforts of all

those involved in this major

achievement in the peace

process, I recognise the diffi-

cult compromises made on

both sides," be said in a

ture (of the agreement) and

to Palestinian elections. The

U.K. will be playing a signifi-

cant role in European Union-

organised monitoring of the

elections," Mr. Rifkind said.

Britain bas pledged £83 million (\$130.8 million) in aid

to the Palestinians over three

years and Mr. Rifkind said:

"We stand ready to boost our

aid when the economic re-

quirements of the new phase

France called the Israel-

PLO accord an important

pleased by this good news,

Foreign Minister Herve de

France is extremely

step towards peace.

"I look forward to signa-

statement.

are clear.'

sides for compromising.

peace in the Middle East. On bebalf of the American people, 1 want to congratulate the negotiators and their leaders who continued to work and persevere and to prevail over the enemies of

"This is a good day for peace in the Middle East and a good omen for good steps in the future," be told reporters before leaving for a oneday visit to Pennsylvania.

The president said the agreement probably would advance the cause of a comprebensive Middle East peace, but cautioned that experience bas taught "to take these things one at a time" and "not to read too much

into it. "But 1 feel quite good about this, this was a major step," he added.

Lebanon and Syria are the only remaining hold-outs in the Middle East peace pro-

Secretary of State Warren Christopher said that Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres and Mr. Arafat bad called him to report the successful conclusion of the agreement as provided for in the 1993 Israel-PLO peace

"I know from our intensive work with the parties that this has not been an easy process," Mr. Christopher said iп a statement. What Israelis and Palesti-

nians have achieved is a remarkable tribute to their courage and determination and to the power of directnegotiations to resolve extremely complex problems." The agreement is more than a year overdue under

ago in Washington. Norway praised the initialling of Israel-PLO agreement on Sunday as a decisive step forward in the implementation of the landmark peace pact negotiated secretly in Oslo two years ago.

the Israel-PLO declaration of

principles signed two years

The Norwegian government welcomes the historic, new Israeli-Palestinian accord to expand Palestinian rule into the West Bank," Foreign Minister Bjoern Tore Godal said.

The agreement testifies to a great political determination and represents a decisive step forward in the implementation of the Oslo agreement," he said in a statement.

Norway brokered talks between Israel and the PLO that led to the 1993 deal for gradual Palestinian auton-

The international community must now lend its support and contribute to the

successful implementation of "We hope the agreement will be quickly confirmed by the

two parties.
"We salute the determina-Mr. Godal sent congratula-tory telegrammes to Mr. Ara-fat and Mr. Peres, who shared the 1994 Nobel Peace tion and desire to succeed displayed by the nego-tiators," Mr. De Charette said. This is an important prize with Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin for step toward peace." achieving the peace accord.

Mr. De Charette said he hoped the accord meant Palestinian elections would now quickly be set for four months from now, and said the European Union would coordinate their supervision.

"The international community must now, more than ever, work together so that Palestinian autonomy succeeds. France can be counted on to help the Middle East and Mediterranean become a region of peace, cooperation

and development," he said. German Foreign Minister Klaus Kinkel said the agreement initialled in Taba, "after the declaration of principles of 1993 and the deal on Gaza and Jericho in 1994, the third important step on the road to peace and reconciliation between Israelis and Palestinians.

"The two sides bave concluded ... a new agreement despite considerable resistance and difficulties."

Mr. Kinkel also praised the roles of Mr. Peres and Mr. Arafat for their "constant and courageous readiness for compromise."

What's in a (maiden) name? Japan's women hope it's equality-

By Kevin Sullivan Mary Jordan

ki, a taxi driver, lit up like Las Vegas. "Really?" she said. beaming. "That's said, beaming.

Mrs. Niizeki bad just heard the news: The Japanese governent plans to allow married couples to use different last names.

"I think this will make a tremendous contribution to women's status and independence," said Mrs. Niizeki, 40, who said she doubted she would go back to using her maiden name but was delighted by the notion that she soon could if she wanted.

Social norms in Japan change glacially, canght under the weight of thousands of years of tradition. The government is usually the last to shift.

In recent years, a growing number of women bave been using their maiden names — while technically following the law by registering their marriage under their busband's name. Now popular momentum to do away with this semi-outlaw status for women bas finally put enough pressure on lawmakers to change the rules.

But tradition dies hard in Japan, and it has many

In Tokyo's dense Ginza district, Takeshi Usami, 46 and Osamu Toyoda, 47, who work in the sales division of a machine company, were not at all happy about

They said single-name marriages are a key element of the Japanese idea of

"The image and the identity of family is symbolised by having the same name." Mr. Usami said. "In Japan, we have a long tradition of family, and it is very unique. Having two names contradicts that feeling of family," Mr.

Toyoda said.

The status of women in Japan is a matter of much debate. According to the prime minister's office, the number of women holding positions in political, administrative, judicial and other key areas has nearly doubled in the past decade. In the Diet, or parliament, for example, female membership rose to 6.8 per cent in 1995 from 3.6 per cent in 1984. Those who believe

women are gaining status

and power in Japanese soci-

ety tout such statistics as

proof. Critics look at the

same numbers and see 6.8 per cent of parliament as pathetically low for one of the world's great industrial powers.

A report released in Beijing this month at the United Nations Fourth World Conference on Women noted that the ratio of women to men in the Japanese parliament was the lowest among the 25 most advanced na-tions of the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development. Women make up 10.3 per cent of the U.S. Congress.

It was also the subject of some scoro here that the Japanese delegation to the Women's Conference was led by a man, Koken Nosaka, the chief cabinet secretary. The Japanese government wanted the delegation to be led by a cabinet minister, all 21 of whom are men.

"Although Japan is said to be an economic superpower, it is far from being a society where equality between men and women is observed," the newspaper Asahi Shimbun said in an editorial this month.

The editorial noted that less than 1 per cent of management positions in the central government were beld by women. And it said that female college students entering the work force still faced discrimination in wages and employment.

Also, although the number of women who work has greativ increased in recent years, many of the jobs are part-time positions or low-paying jobs. And now that economic times bave turned sour, women are often the first to be let go. The traditional structure

of working husbands and stay-at-home wives still predominates here. In fact, a common Japanese word for "my wife" translates literally into English as "in the house." But with the recent recommendations, many women here feel that they have taken another small step forward.

"I think this is great," said Yasuko Otsuka, 24, a student. "Men and women are not equal; men are always at an advantage."

Naoko Otani, 18, a bigh school student, said: "1 don't think we should have to change our name. I want to be treated the same as a man." Miss Otani said sbe wanted to go to college and keep her name and her career even after marrying. She said she was grateful that women her age had more options than were available to ber mother's generation.

issued in a report by a panel appointed by the Justice Ministry and will be presented to parliament early next year. The rules are believed to represent a consensus position that will easily pass.

100

The report also recommended changes in divorce law that women's advocates saw as significant. A married person who bas lived apart from his or her spouse for more than five years could sue for divorce. Now, either party may refuse to divorce even if they have been separated for decades.

Also, a woman must now wait six months after ber divorce before re-marrying, while men may remarry immediately. That waiting period is believed to allow time to determine if the woman is pregnant by her ex husband. The proposals would shorten the waiting period to 100 days - which some women's advocates see as encouraging, but still unequal.

As a whole, the proposals are a big step forward for women, said Mariko Fujiwara, a research director at the Hakuhodo Institute of Life and Living in Tokyo.

The Washington Post

King delivers address

(Continued from page 1)

the World Bank and the

The King and Queen were seen off hy Their Royal Highnesses Crown Prince Hassan, Princess Sarvath, and Princess Basma and other members of the Royal family.

Also to bid farewell to the King and Queen at the airport were Upper House of Parliament Speaker Ahmad Lawzi and other officials as well as the French Ambassador to Jordan Bernard Baiolet.

Prince Hassan was sworn in as Regent before the

King's departure. After Their Majesties' official visit to Strasbourg and Washington, Queen Noor, who is president of the United World Colleges, will inaugurate on Friday the ninth United World College in Norway as well as deliver on Monday the keynote address at the Middle East Consultants' conference in London entitled "Going International: Career Women and Busi-

Manila media

(Continued from page 12)

adult prisons or sentenced to death even if found guilty. Court records in UAE. however, show that Ms. Balabagan was 27 years old when she stabbed her employer. Her parents say she was only 15 at that time and that her papers were forged hy her recruiting agent to get around Manila's law against

child labour. "As one of the early signatories of the Convention on the Rights of the Child, our government should send a distress signal to every corner of the civilised world on behalf of a threatened Filipino child," Mr. David wrote.

"Even if the UAE is not a signatory to the convention. the Philippines has the duty to mobilise the countries that have signed that accord to bring pressure upon another

Israel, PLO initial accord

(Continued from page 1)

Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres at the initialling ceremony in a Taba hotel where they spent nine consecutive days. "It's history in the real

meaning of the word. It's an extremely moving day," said Mr. Peres of the deal. "What we are doing today

is a tremendous attempt to bring people who were born in the same cradle, that fonght, to agree on a new future. It's a real opportunity to change. He admitted that at times it

had seemed "an impossible The whole deal nearly blew

up when Mr. Arafat stormed out demanding wider powers for the Palestinian police. But he was back in the negotiating room two hours

later after U.S. intervention. Israel radio said Israel's Savir spoke on the telephone to U.S. State Department Middle East coordinator De-

The 460-page agreement — the second phase of autonomy - details Israeli military redeployment outside West Bank population areas, except Hebron where security control will be shared, the handing over of civilian powers and elections to an auton-

omy council. (see page 12).
The agreement laid down detailed security measures designed to prevent conflict between radicals among the 140,000 Jewish settlers and the one million Palestinians in the West Bank.

A summary of the interim accord said autonomy "will allow the Palestinians to conduct their own internal affairs, reduce points of friction between Israelis and Palestinians and open a new era of cooperation and coexistence based on common interest, dignity and mutual respect.

The agreement with six maps grew out of 80 hours of talks over eight days.

The agreement was to be formally signed by Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin and Mr. Arafat in Washington, D.C., on Thursday after the approval of the Israeli and Palestinian cabinets. Israeli troops will start withdrawing 10 days after the White

House ceremony.

The pullout will leave the Palestinians with control over more than 30 per cent of the 5,878-square-kilometre West Bank. About 12,000 Palestinian

police are expected to patrol the West Bank, and will participate in joint patrols escorting Israelis in some areas. But they will not have arrest powers over the settlers living among the Palesti-

The withdrawal will clear the way for Palestinians to elect a self-rule council with 82 members, which will serve as a legislature. Palestinians want elections before Jan. 20. Mr. Qouriea told Reuters:

"I think we achieved more than what we possibly could get. 1 think we have improved the (breakthrough 1993) DoP (declaration of principles) signed in Oslo. There was more than one crisis but we managed to find solutions for all of them." He called the agreement

the basis for a Palestinian

Mr. Peres called the last eight days of talks, highlighted by the last-minute crisis, "a tremendous attempt to bring people who were born in the same cradle and that

future." Throughout the ceremony, despite the baggard looks on their faces, Mr. Arafat and Mr. Peres brought smiles to the faces of delegates on both sides, each leader thanking key peacemakers on both

were fighting on the same

front, to agree on a new

They had raced against time with the fast approach of a two-day Jewish new year holiday starting on Sunday night when Israeli officials

would be unable to negotiate. The signing ceremony took place around 2.15 p.m. (1215 GMT), less than three hours before the start of the holiday, and Mr. Peres seemed to underline the urgency, looking at his watch repeatedly throughout the ceremony.

Just hours earlier in the marathon struggle to reach accord, witnesses saw Mr. Arafat storm out of the talks. angrily shouting: "We are not

The witnesses said Mr. Arafat was angry about what they characterised as Israel's wavering on terms for freeing Palestinian prisoners and proposed maps for redeploying Israeli troops ahead of self-rule.

Some 2-1/2 bours later Mr. Arafat returned to the talks. encouraged by phone calls from Mr. Ross and Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak and pleas by Israeli negotiators.

Arafat aide Nabil Abu Irideneh said Mr. Arafat was upset because maps presented by Israel failed to show borders for the autonomous region around Hebron and Jericho, which became autonomous in May 1994.

Mr. Peres' spokeswoman Bahira Bardugo blamed Mr. Arafat for the breakdown, saying he tried to renegotiate issues that had been settled.

UAE warns of fresh oil price crisis

ABU DHABI (AFP) - The United Arab Emirates (UAE), one of the biggest oil producers in the world, bas warned crude prices could collapse unless independent producers heed OPEC calls for cooperation.

In a commentary on the conference between world oil producers and consumers in Venezuela, the official news agency WAM said a recent improvement in crude prices might not continue and they could tumble this year.

"It seems that the recent increase in oil prices will not last for long, especially in the absence of understanding between producers in Venezuela on the need to cooperate to stabilise production in order to support prices and prevent a repetition of the 1986 price crisis," it said.

"Expectations by experts and analysts indicate that oil prices could continue to rise uotil October before they sharply decline towards the end of the year due to several factors, including high output by non-OPEC producers, WAM added.

Oil prices plumetted to be-low \$10 in 1986 in a production war between key oil states, sharply depressing the revenues of the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) and hurting the economies of most

Arab Gulf states were harmed most as they are the biggest oil bloc in the world and their crude exports provide the bulk of their income.

Although oil prices have recovered from their 1986 level and a similar crisis in 1988, they are still far below the \$21 floor targetted by the 12-nation OPEC. So far this year, they have averaged around \$1

Qatari Oil Minister Abdul-lah Al Ateyya said before flying to Venezuela Thursday that current oil prices were low and he hlamed outside

WAM singled out North Sea producers Britain and Norway, whom it said had negatively affected the market because of their continued output rises. It echoed OPEC oil producers, who have criticised the two Euro-pean states for hiking produc-tion and rebuffing calls for coordination.

'No flow of Iraqi crude oil to Palestinian territories'

Guards — and their wives,

both daughters of President

"It seems that the defec-

tions encouraged the U.S. to

pursue its quest to isolate the

Iraqi regime rather than belp-

ing initiate new contacts be-

tween Baghdad and the out-side world," said the sources,

who did not want to be iden-

Diplomats as well as Jorda-

nian and Palestinian sources

noted that immediately after

the defections the U.S.

sought to cut off Jordanian-.

Iraqi links by coercing Am-

man to halt its imports of

Iraqi oil and close its borders

The U.S. also lobbied

Saudi Arabia and Kuwait to

replace Iraq as Jordan's oil

supplier. But Jordan resisted

Asked to comment on the reported PLO bid, an Iraqi source said: "We are talking

about a chicken even before

cure U.N. permission, then we can look into the sub-

ject," added the Iraqi source,

speaking on condition of

It was not immediately

clear bow the PNA intended

to process Iraqi oil if the

U.N. permission had come through. The Palestinian ter-

the Palestinians se-

the egg is hatched."

the move.

anonymity.

with its eastern neighbour.

Saddam Hussein.

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - A Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) request for U.N. Sanctions Committee exemption for planned imports of Iraqi oil to the Palestinian autonomous territories has been turned down, informed sources said Sunday.

The report of the rejection contradicted a report in the local press that the Palestinian National Authority (PNA) was expecting Iraqi oil to flow to the self-rule territories starting next month.

According to the sources, the PNA, based in the Gaza Strip, had filed an "informal" request to the Sanctions Committee in New York for an unspecified quantity of crude oil per day from Iraq, trucked overland through

"Before the issue was formalised, the U.S. made it clear to all other members of the Sanctions Committee that the request should not be entertained, at least not for the time being," said an in-formed source. "As a result the issue was shelved."

The Sanctions Committee comprises representatives of all members of the United Nations Security Council.

Palestinian sources confirmed that the PLO request for permission for imports of Iraqi oil was made but asserted that it initially bad the endorsement of the Clinton administration, which changed its mind last month. According to a Palestinian

source, Washingtoo shifted its stand after the Aug. 8 ery. A group of businessmen bas been discussing a refinery defectioo to Jordan of two high-ranking Iraqi officials project at a cost of about Industry Minister Hussein \$400 million. Kamel Hassan and his brother Saddam Kamel who beaded the Iraqi Presidential

· According to the Palestinian source, one option was to use Jordan's sole refinery at Zarqa, which bas an installed capacity to refine up to 100,000 barrels per day hut is using only balf of that.

"This would mean Iraq trucking an additional 35,000 b/d to Zarqa for refining and Jordanians reshipping the refined product to the Palestinian territories," said the

Palestinian source. Sources at the refinery declined comment.

Another option, said another source in the PLO. was to use Israeli refineries.

Mohammad Znhdi Nashashibi, the minister of finance in the PNA, which administers the Gaza Strip and the West Bank town of Jericho since May 1994, was quoted in the local press as saying that Palestinian-Israeli talks were under way on the

The local reports also quoted Mr. Nashashibi as saying in an interview with the Jerusalem-based Al Quds Press that the U.S. had approved the PNA's request to the Sanctions Committee. According to Mr. Nashashibi, the PNA was also studying oil imports from other sources and was negotiating the purchase of natu-

ral gas from Qatar. No inde-

pendent confirmation was

available of the comments.

U.S. Senate tightens rules on PLO

From the Jerusalem Post

THESENATElast week tightened requirements that the PLO must fulfill in order to continue receiving U.S. assistance.

The new rules are con-tained in a \$12.3 billion foreign assistance bill that the Senate passed overwhelmingly, 91-9.

The House in July passed its own bill, and the two bodies are scheduled to reconcile their bills Wednesday.

U.S. President Clinton must sign the new bill into

U.S. fiscal year ends. The \$12.3b represents a 10 per cent drop from this year's

law by Saturday, when the

Toby Dersbowitz, a

Israel Public Affairs Committee, which lobbied for the aid and the PLO compliance leg-islation, said Friday that "as Israel is poised to sign the interim agreement, Congress has sent it a strong message that it is supportive of the path it is taking and the role Israel is playing as an ally in

spokesman for the American

the region The PLO-related amendments were introduced by Senate Foreign Relations Committee Chairman Jesse Helms to bis own Middle East Peace Facilitation Act (MEPFA). All were adopted without debate, and call for the president to now certify four additional areas where the Palestinians are forth-

coming:

☆ That the Palestinian Au-

thority (P.A.) cease funding its offices in Jerusalem within

six months: ★ That the PLO provide the U.S. with information on "U.S. nationals known to have been held at any time by the PLO" or its factions: ★ That no terrorist may become a member of the

* And that the PLO Covenant be altered sooo after the elections for the Palestinian council. The second item appeared

to be a reference to MIA Zacharia Baumel, whom Mr. Helms referred to on the floor as an American-Israeli soldier.

The revised MEPFA will remain in effect for one year. It bad originally been drafted to last 18 months, but Mr. Helms said he concurred with members of the House who preferred the law be revisited

sooner. The foreign aid aspect of the hill contains Israel's \$3b in earmarked military and economic assistance, as well as more than \$2b for Egypt. Israel will receive an additional \$80 million to resettle refugees from the former

Soviet Union. One amendment adopted will also provide \$100m in military "drawdown," or surplus supplies, to Jordan, as a reward for having concluded peace with Israel

The bill also stipulates that Israel will now be allowed to purchase military items from American companies at prices not to exceed what the Pentagon already pays.

Greenspan optimistic about

WASHINGTON (AP) Federal Reserve (Fed) Chairman Alan Greenspan, delivering an upbeat assessment of the U.S. economy, said. Friday the nation appears to have avoided recession and is headed for faster growth.

Testifying before the Sen-ate Banking Committee and just days before the central bank is to consider action on interest rates, Mr. Greenspan said inflation is under control and the latest evidence is "consistent with a firmer pace of economic growth."

He cited a pickup in factory production, modest improvement in the labour market and solid consumer spending as signs the economy is in good shape.

"On the whole, the near-

Mr. Greenspan's comments were closely watched by financial markets in anticipation of next Tuesday's meeting of the Federal Reserve's Open Market Com-

term prospects for the U.S.

economy have improved in

recent months," he said.

The panel, which cut a key short-term interest rate on July 6 and has remained on the sidelines since, is not expected to cut rates at next week's meeting.

Mr. Greenspan said nothing in his prepared testimony to dispel the widely beld view that the economy bas rebounded sufficiently without any further stimulus from lower interest rates.

"Inflation risks have receded, and, as a consequence, the threat of severe recession has declined," Mr. Greenspan said.

Inflation actually has improved since earlier this year. be continued, and there are no warning signs on the hori-

The Federal Reserve. seeking to squelch inflation, engineered a series of seven

JUMBLE.

Unscramble these four Jumbl

interest-rate increases over a one-year period that ended in February

Those rate increases slowed growth dramatically this year, raising concerns that the central bank had overdone the credit tightening and might have pushed the economy into recession.

Mr. Greenspan himself in June had raised the possibility of recession in remarks just prior to the Fed's rate cut in July. Since then, a variety of business statistics bave pointed toward stronger growth, and Mr. Greenspan took note of those Friday.

Mr. Greenspan also urged Congress to cut the deficit. saying reducing federal spending will be good for the economy in the long run.

"I have no doubt that the net result of moving the budget into balance will be a more efficient, more productive U.S. economy," he said, addressing concerns that Congress's zeal for slashing federal spending could harm growth.

But Mr. Greenspan warned that forecasting is a risky business and there

THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME

by Herri Arnold and Mike Argirlor

could be some clouds on the horizon.

"The outlook is not with. out concern," he said, "Firms' desired inventory levels are extremely difficult to gauge and the remaining adjustment process could play out more negatively that we anticipate."

Businesses have reduced inventory growth this year as consumer spending has eased from the booming pace of last year. Analysts said the reduction in stockpiles likely will be completed soon and expected moderate gains in production ahead.

"One could not expect the transition to a more sustainable growth path to be entirely smooth," Mr. Greenspan said. "Attempts to control inventories triggered cutbacks in orders and output that, in turn, depressed employment and income in the spring."

The Fed is seeking a growth rate of about 2.5 per cent. In the second quarter this year, the economy expanded at less than half that pace - growing at a 1.1 per cent annual rate.

KUWAIT (R) — Kuwait's state-orcbestrated economy

central bank governor ruled out in remarks published Sunday the devaluation of the dinar and said there was oo need for any such mea-

"We have made it clear on more than one occasion that we do not have any intention to take such a measure," Al Watan newspaper quoted Sheikh Abdul Aziz Al Sabah as saying in an interview. "Simply, we are in no need to take (such a measure), and we do not see any benefit to the national economy out of

The governor had repeatedly ruled out the possibility of a devaluation as a way of cutting Knwait's hudget deficit. The net deficit in 1995/96 is projected at 1.32 billion dinars (\$4.4 hillion), 12 per cent lower than the 12 per cent lower than the projected 1993/94 deficit. Planning officials bave said that without reforming the

the deficit would grow in a manner that could have a serious effect on the dinar.

The central bank, which sets a daily rate for the dinar in relation to a basket of currencies in which the dollar has a substantial weighting. Sunday set a rate of 298.35/45 fils to the dollar. There are 1,000 fils to the dinar. The dinar in June 1995 was

3.9 per cent below its value in June 1990, two months before Iraq's invasion. Sheikh Salem said the central bank's foreign reserves stood at 1.17 billioo dinars (\$3.91 billion) at the end of

June 1995. Meanwhile, a newspaper reported that Kuwait's central bank will soon issue guidelines to local banks trying to collect \$20 billion in

private sector bad debts. A set of rules governing the execution of a debt settlement scheme will be issued within 10 days, Al Anhaa quoted Sbeikb Salem as

Parliament in August passed a law softening repayment terms for thousands of debtors, including government officials and merchants whose had loans are equivalent to 90 per cent of gross domestic product (GDP).

The law gave the central hank the duty of setting interest rates on instalments.

THE BETTER HALF,

A 1993 plan posed many difficulties for banks trying to collect the dehts on hehalf of the government, which bought out commercial banks' holdings in the duhious loans in 1992.

The debt derives from the spectacular 1982 crash of an unofficial stock exchange and from commercial losses following Iraq's 1990-91 occupa-tion-of the Arab Guif state. Repeated attempts at a solution failed in the 1980s.



That'll be \$25 STALLED CAR. Now arrange the circled letters to

form the surprise answer, as sug-gested by the above cartoon. Jumbles: EAGLE ORONE WALLOP AFLOAT Fish that do this get into trouble -FOLLOW THE LEADER







Andy Capp

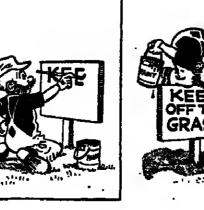


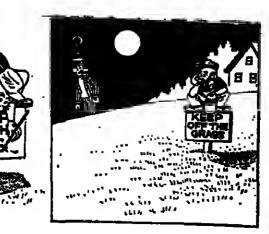




Mutt'n'Jeff







FORECAST FOR MON-

DAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1995 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Astrological Foundation

HOROSCOPE

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Study letters and reports clear and correct in your mind. Make sure pressing hills are paid.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Be sure you understand some material matter well before you commit yourself to it. Study advice from a financial expert. GEMINI: (May 21 to June

21) Be sure that you dress ideally and use appropriate language. Steer clear of a friend who is trying to use

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) You are not certain just bow to handle a close tie, but try to alleviate tension which bas huilt up between you. LEO: (July 22 to August 21)

You bad a plan by which to gain a personal wish today, but something came up and you have to use a different angle. VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Be sure you know what bigher-ups expect of you and follow directives

to the letter. Be more cognizant of civic duties. LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Be sure you handle a credit affair wisely or you will find it can be more

costly later today. Avoid flamboyant newcomers. SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) Be careful in shopping that you do not get short-changed today and keep your wallet safe. Listen

with care to your mate. SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) You have to be more direct in stating your ideas so that you get better results in dealing with others.

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Get your tasks completed in a most meticulous fashion today, whatever-they may be, and try not to make any mistakes.

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to Fehruary 19) Be sure that you count the cost today before you get ioto some amusement and be sure you can afford it.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) You had better change your attitude at bome and avoid a possible disagreement with kin. Harmony is the keynote today and

Birthstone of September: Sapphire — Lapis Lazuli

ACROSS 1 Dutch cheese 5 Hilo hello 10 On the bring 14 Falana or **Albright** 15 Of birth 16 Crumbly soil 17 Nounshment 18 Group of rooms

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12 Poetry Muse

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39 Speech

43 Afternoon nap

44 Opposita of syn. 49 Command

13 Woody —

Britain

21 Put on

25 Fury

THE Daily Crossword by George Urquhart

Lansbury TV 23 KS city 24 Hammerin' Hank 25 Rule 28 - the beans (tell a secret)

19 Egg-shaped

20 Angela

31 "Hawkeye" 32 Military command 34 Ewe said it 37 Bob Denver TV show

40 Shoe width 41 "Cheers" slar 42 "Rule Bntannia" composer 43 Suit fabric

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45 Small groove 48 Ding— 50 TV game show 56 Eye part 57 Baltic island

58 Atmosphere 60 Dispatched 61 Gay --62 Silver-longued 64 Range animal

65 Gen. Robart ---DOWN 1 Santa's helper 2 Judgment

3 Basehall's

7 Mr. Redding

8 "Hell --- no fury..."

Felipe

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Yesterday's puzzle solved:

USESKNOT 46 Number of

45 Rustling sound Graces 47 Equesirian's controls 48 Gift recipient

51 Excuse me! 52 Apartmeni 53 Travel cost 54 - and void 55 Toledo's waterfront 59 Lincoln



A review

'Care'

backs

'Soft'

** THE ARAB Investment

and International Trade, the

company that manufactures

the Care brand of sanitary

paper, voiced support for the stand taken by the Soft brand

manufacturer and demanded

that prices of second grade

sanitary paper, used by most people, be floated. The com-

pany said it would stop com-

mercial production and

would limit its sales to the

two corporations serving civil

servants and military person-

nel to honour past contracts

made with these two institu-

tions. The company would

not send its staff on unpaid

leave but would rather

accommodate them at the

soap or liquid eleansing pro-duction lines. Blasting the

Ministry of Supply for the study it is doing, the company

said that whatever the recom-

mendation would be it would

not solve the problem be-

cause the prices in the study

were old and no longer re-

flect the current situation. "If

the ministry insists on the

prices it would arrive at, then

it (the ministry) has our an-

thority to buy as the raw material and only then we

shall accept the prices," the

general manager of the com-

pany said. He added that the

ministry was told that the

bases for its study were illo-

gical and unfair and that the

price structure should cover no less than six months in the

future but the ministry de-

cided to follow traditional

ouse. Interested parties

should collect the investment

terms from the department

Businessee have bemixement growth they continuer spending is from the bearing pa veni Analysis sidile tion of stockpiles like be completed way people dimendizian comalticitate alterni Downstanding on

transition to a more able to with pathons It smooth $M_{\rm b}/\varrho_{\rm B}$ said Missiphile mygatories biggs Bucks in order of that to turn depen (Providence) softman 920000

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> HOROSCOR ECORES AND ROBOT BY

standards that were unreal. (Al Aswaq) DAY OF PIP WIRES TO 1. 17. 7 **☆☆ THE TOURISM Invest-**ARTES CHARLES IN ment Department at the So-Water Street and Conference seeks investors to take charge of the Jerash Tourist Resth-

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the same of

TAURING MEDICAL And the second of the second o by Monday, Oct. 2 at the latest (Al Ra'i) The Business of the St. ** A COMPLEMENTARY frame of district economic readjustment prog-GENTINE MARIE & The late of the many between 1995 and 1998, is interest of the state of currently being readied by tanco som or a the government which has there we come to discussed it with some international organisations. MOON CHILDREN According to Planning Minister Rima Khalaf, the complementary programme will be primarily based on raising $(x,y,y,y,z) \mapsto (y,y,z)$ the level of the private sector to be able to take a fun-

damental role in the economic building process. Also to be stressed, Dr. Khalaf said, will be to raise the efficiency of the public sector to ensure providing an adequate invest-ment climate that would encourage this sector to take on its control and supervision role at the highest standard. Dr. Khalaf pointed ont that the government would concentrate its efforts during the coming four years on four

The first, she said, has to

do with foreign trade regulations as the government would try to free this field and remove differentials among various economic sectors from the viewpoint of protection given to these sectors. Special attention is to be given also to raise the efficiency of the customs system, the minister added. The And the second second area included in the complementary programme is raising the efficiency of the banking sector which, Dr. Khalaf said, cannot provide long-term facilities and, as such, hinders the investment process. She noted that the Central Bank has started to remedy this deficiency by taking a number of measures to put a comprehensive programme to develop the banking system and raise its efficiency. The third area the government is working on is to provide the encouraging investment climate through updating and reforming vanous economic legislations. The fourth area mentioned by the minister was to boost the public sector efficiency and continuing the privatisation process in non-strategic companies (Al Aswaq).

Yemen offers hotels to private investors of economic news from the Arabic press

SANAA (R) — Yemen's tourism anthority said Saturday it would start privatising Yemen's hotel industry this week by offering stakes in eight hotels to investors, the official Saba News Agency reported.

Saba said bidding would open on six botels in Aden, one in Hadramawt in the south and one in Sanaa. It closes on Oct. 24, when results will be announced.

It did not say how much a share the government would sell or whether foreigners were invited, but the government has made it a policy to call on foreigners along with local investors to participate m its privatisation plan.

Yemen issued a decree in January to regulate privatisation, long advocated by the World Bank and International Monetary Fund as part of its economic reforms. The sectors would include banking, transport, agriculture and industry.

Financial

Markets

cial news agency MPA bas reported. It quoted Mohammad

Kabbaj as telling French officials during a reception that Morocco could benefit from France's experience in the Eurotunnel project linking it with Britain.

Morocco and Spain, the offi-

Mr. Kabbaj said a "fixed link" between Morocco and Spain was "a fundamental element" in the country's strategy to guarantee the free movement of people and goods within the region. He said he wanted to give

dimension" by inviting foreign participation. The idea of linking the Rock of Gibralter and its sister peak at Ceuta on the African side - at their nar-

the project an "international

rowest point only 10 miles Bahrain to raise work

MANAMA (R) — Bahrain plans to raise employment fees for foreign workers from January and will use the money to provide vocational training for its nationals, a government minister

la as saying. "The money generated

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work in Bahrain, mainly from Asian countries, out of an estimated 239,000 workforce.

Oman creating investment funds to attract capital

ABU DHABI (AFP) — The Gulf state of Oman is encouraging the creation of investment funds to absorb liquidity and attract foreign capital as part of reforms spurred by low oil prices.

officials have said. A \$52 million fund was set up last year while two similar ventures are to be launched this month and more could

follow, the officials said. "Such funds are targeting small investors as they help them invest their money in diverse, feasible economic activities in the country.' said Mahmoud Al Jarwani, director of the Muscat stock exchange.

"This will contribute to absorbing liquidity and attracting foreign investment needed to support our economy. Their operations cover investment in specific projects, which should be feasi-ble," he told AFP

Majan Portfolio for Special Opportunities is to be launched this week with an

initial capital of seven million Omani riyals (\$18.2 million). It is managed by the newlycreated Oman-Emirates Investment Company and Oman's Jipcorp, a subsidiary of the Gulf International investors.

Officials said subscription for the seven million shares would remain open for seven years, which could be extended for a further five years. Foreigners can own up to 49 per cent of the shares of Majan and similar funds. The other fund, the Muscat

Index for Joint Investment, is to begin issuing shares next week with a value of three million riyais (\$7.8 million), according to its management, the Muscat Al Ahli Al Omani Bank.

Oman is one of few Arab countries to have started to

encouraging such financial instruments to attract investment and revive their econo-

Saudi Arabia, the world's top oil producer and exporter, has set up several investment funds but they have remained closed to foreign

We are regulating and encouraging such activities. These funds give us a chance to increase the number of investors and they could play a key role in activating the stock market," Mr. Jarwani

"After the success of the first fund and the expected success of these two, 1 am confident more portfolios will be established in the near future. I think the market can absorb much more portfolios," he added.

countries and is the first of its kind of the region. During the first six months of its operations in Oman, the fund made a net profit of more

than five per cent of its capit-al, Mr. Jarwani said, Oman, a non-OPEC producer with an output of around 840,000 barrels of oil per day, has embarked on large-scale reforms over the past five years to cushion the impact of weak oil prices and diversify its oil-reliant eco-

nomy.

The reforms cover priva-

vestment laws, freeing interest rates and allowing foreigners to have a full ownership in some industrial projects, making Oman the first Arab Gulf state to do so.

Mr. Jarwani said Oman would press ahead with the reforms as it was encouraged by their results. Over the past four years, growth in most non-oil sectors exceeded five per cent, the stock market surged ahead and hundreds of millions of dollars in local and foreign capital have

streamed in he said.

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attracting investment. We are trying to make further improvements in our investment laws," he added.

According to the Arab Corporation for Investment Guarantee, public and private investment in Oman has

steadily risen. From \$1.37 billion in 1990, total investment increased to \$1.81 billion in 1991, to \$1.90 billion in 1992 and \$2.21 billion in 1993. In 1994, the figure exceeded \$2.4 billion and it will likely top \$2.8 billion by the end of 1995.

24/09/1995

Morocco revives dream of fixed link with Europe

RABAT (R) - Morocco's finance minister bas mvited European and North African countries to join in an ambitious project to link the two continents by building a bridge or a tunnel between



Foreign Exchange Market Summary (September 18 - September 22, 1992)

Cairo Amman Bank

AMMAN — The U.S. unit depreciated sharply against other major currencies last week. It ended the week 4.59 per cent lower against the mark, 4.18 per cent lower against the yen and 1.57 per cent lower against sterling.

The dollar drifted lower against the mark and the yen

Monday, while appreciating against sterling. Reports indicated that trading was slow ahead of the announcement of the long awaited Japanese fiscal stimuls package

Wednesday.

The U.S. unit rose against other major currencies

The U.S. unit rose against other major currencies Tuesday, especially against the yen. It rallied on expectations that the Japanese government will announce a fiscal stimulus plan that will succeed in supporting the Japanese economy, and that the Bank of Japan will follow the announcement with an intervention to support the dollar. Expectations that the Fed will support the Bank of Japan in its intervention also lent support to the dollar.
However, the U.S. unit, retreated sharply against other

major currencies Wednesday. While the details of the fiscal stimulus package, which were announced in Tokyo came within expectations, traders were disappointed by the lack of aggressive intervention by the Bank of Japan to support the dollar. Comments by the German finance minister that Italy is not qualified to join fast track European Union countries participating in a single currency led dealers to square their long dollar positions to buy safe haven marks and Swiss francs. Moreover, the dollar continued its sharp sell-off after the release of U.S. trade statistics showing an unexpected widening in the trade deficit to \$11.5 billion in July, from \$11.3 billion in June.

The dollar's sharp sell-off continued Thursday, causing it to plunge by more than four per cent against the yen and the mark from Tuesday's closing levels. Reports indicated that dealers were disappointed by the lack of a forceful move by the major central banks to support the dollar.

The U.S. unit took a breather at the end of the week. Reports indicated that the dollar fell sharply during trading hours in Tokyo and Enrope, despite a \$5 billion interven-tion by the Bank of Japan. However, the dollar rebounded later that day on positive comments by officials of the U.S. Treasury. Treasury Secretary Robert Rubin said twice that "a strong dollar is very much in our national interest." Deputy Treasury Secretary Lawrence Summers, on the other hand, reiterated those remarks and added that his government is willing to cooperate with its G-7 partners to

The U.S. unit, thus, ended the week at 1.4235 marks, 99.95 yen and at \$1.5743 to sterling.

New York Closing Rates for Major Carrencies Against the

Currency	Friday Sept. 15 - 1995 Close	Friday Sept 22 - 1995 Close	Percent Change
Sterling Pound*	1.5500	1.5743	157%
Deutsche Mark	1,4888	1.4235	4.59 %
Swiss Franc	1.2065	1.1465	5.23 %
French Franc	5.1190	4,9290	3.85 %
Japanese Yen	104.13	99.95	4.18 %
• LISU Per STG			

Euro-Currency Int	Sept 15 - [995		Sept 22 - 1995		
Currency	1-Month (%)	l-Year (%)	1-Month (%)	1-Year (%	
U.S. Dollar	5.62	5.59	5.90	5.75	
Sterling Pound	6.68	6.50	669	6.69	
Deutsche Mark	4.00	4.06	3.87	4.06	
Swiss Franc	2.62	2.62	2.50	2.50	
French Franc	5.71	5.60	6.12	6.12	
Japanese Yen	0.56	0.65	0.50	0.62	

Central Bank of Jordan Exchange Rate Bulletin

	Date:	Sept 24 - 1995	
Currency	Bid	Offer	
U.S. Dollar	0.7100	0.7120	
Sterling Pound	1.1163	1.1219	
Deutsche Mark	0.4981	0.5006	
Swiss Franc	0.6210	0.6241	
French Franc	0.1439	0.1446	
Japanese Yen*	0.7086	0.7121	
Dutch Gulider	0.4446	0.4-68	
Swedish Krona			
Italian Lira*	0.0440	0,0442	
Belgian Franc			

permit fees from January

quoted as saying.
"The new fees would come into effect on Jan. 1 next the English-language Gulf Daily News quoted Labour and Social Affairs Minister Abdul Nabi Al Shn-

through the increase in fees

absorb much more port- folios," he added.	COMPANY'S NAME	No. of Searce	VALUE TRADED	PREV. CLOSING CLOSING PRICE	
Mr. Jarwani cited quick		TRADED	ענ		
profits by Oryx, which is	ARAB BANK PIC	160	37715	221. SOO 234.000	
owned by investors from	JORDAN MATICHAL BANK BANK OF JORDAN MIDDLE RAST INVESTMENT BANK INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BANK JORDAN KUWAIT BANK JORDAN GULF DANK JORDAN BILLANIC BANK JORDAN BILLANIC BANK	6300	28115	4.480 4.470	
	EANK OF JORDAN MIDDLE BAST INVESTMENT HAUK.	50 5350	171 6494		
74.0.0.700	INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BASK	1660	2998	2.430 2.420	
ream	JORDAN KUWAIT BANK	300	556	2.780 2.780	
- Culli	JORDAN GULF DANK JORDAN ISLAMIC BANK	JS9578 7611	403462 9750	1.080 1.130 3.720 J.740	
<u> </u>	UNION RANK FOR SAVING & INVESTMENT	1125	4275	3.850 3.800	
7	Businese Bank	5000	7300 10309		
Lurope	STIT FINAL SEVINGETHING THE TOP TOUGHT	2750 350	10309		
Julope	AMMAN BANK FOR INVESTMENT	127450	120105		
	ARAB BANKING CORPORATION/JORDAN	319	1668	5.300 S.240	
apart — has been discussed	UNION HANK FOR GAVING & INVESTMENT BUSINESS BAME. JORDAN INVESTMENT & FINANCE BANK SELI ELMAL SAVINGELEVESTMENT FOR HOUSING AMMAN BANK FOR INVESTMENT ARAB BANKING CORPORATION/JORDAN PHILADELPHIA INVESTMENT BANK.	42700	68684	1.580 1.610	
for over a century but the	BANKS SECTOR	552622		INDEX NUMBER: 186.	
project has not progressed		234084	704404	CRANCE : +0.94	
beyond the study phase.		وعبناك صائنات	95		
Mr. Kabbaj's remarks	JORDAN INSURANCE	14946	49222	3.300 3.300	
ware the first indication of	HOLY LAND INSUPANCE	2076	7197	2.680 2.670	
were the first indication that	JORDAN INSURANCE JORDAN FRENCH INSURANCE HOLY LAND INSURANCE I K B U R A N C B S E C T O R JORDANIAN ELECTRIC POWER	======================================		*.000	
Morocco was serious about	INSURANCE SECTOR	18142	57784	TROEX NUMBER: 132.5	96
pursuing the idea despite				CHANGE0.26	67
mammoth difficulties and the	JORDANIAN ELECTRIC POWER IRBID DISTRICT ELECTRICITY JORDAN HIMEH MINERAL VEHICLES CANNERS FEDERATION ARAB INTERNATIONAL HOTELS JORDAN NATIONAL SHIPPING LINES NATIONAL PORTFOLIO RECURITIES REAL HETATE INVESTMENT JORDAN PRESS FOUNDATION / ALRA'I JORDAN PRESS FOUNDATION / ALRA'I JORDAN PRESS & PUBLISHING /AD-DUSTOUR UNITED MIDDLE RAST & COMMODER HOTELS ARAB INTER. FOR INVESTMENT & EDUCATION EARKA PRIVATE UNIVERSITY UNION LAND DEVELOPMENT CORPS	34563	57280	1,630 1.670	-=
huge cost it would involve	IRBID DISTRICT ELECTRICITY	200	228 250 4456 28560	1.140 1.140	
conservative estimates say it	JORDAN HIMEH MINERAL	100	250	2.500 2.500	
could cost \$10 billion.	VEHICLES OWNERS FEDERATION	632	4456	7.050 7.050	
Most experts agree the dif-	ARAB INTERNATIONAL HOTELS	4950	28560	S.6SO 5.850	
ficulties are enormous	WATTOWAL PORTFORTO STOTESTATES	1550	4112	3.730 2.730 2.070 2.040	
whether for a bridge or a	REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT	21700	26206	1.130 1.150	
tunnel.	JORDAN INTERNATIONAL TRADING CENTER	400	484	1,190 1.210	
	JORDAN PRESS FOUNDATION / ALRA'I	750	7313	9.850 9.750	
The Gibralter Straits be-	JURDAN PRESS & PUBLISHING /AD-DUSTOUR	1000	7600	7.500 7.630	
tween the two peaks are	ARAB INTER. FOR INVESTMENT & POMORTION	1525	4729	2.350 2.380 3.100 3.110	
nearly 3,000 feet (900 metres)	ZARKA PRIVATE UNIVERSITY	1800	2377	1,330 1.320	
deep and the area is one of	UNION LAND DEVELOPMENT CORPS	1750	1975	1.176 1.120	
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ise work	ARAS PHARMACEUTICAL MANUFACTURING	9231	45224	4.850 4.950	
_	THE JORDAN PIPES MANUFACTURING	1000	5970 1350	5.970 5.970	
om January	DAR AL DAWA DEVELOPMENT & INVESTMENT	700	.5205	2.500 2.500 2.600 7.500	
July Statement A	ARAB ALUMINIUM INDUSTRY	- 650	3497	7.400 7.500 1.400 5.30d	
would be used to improve	LIVESTOCK & POULTRY ARAR PAPER CONVESTING & TRADING NATIONAL INDUSTRIES INTERNEDIATE PETRO-CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES	144450	99970	7680 693151	
training facilities and increase	NATIONAL INDUSTRIES	22650	2978 25051	1.130 1.100	
on-the-job training subsidies		1150	2120	1.880 1.840	
	JORDAN ROCKWOOL INDOSTRIES	. 6000	6600	2.110 1.100	
for Bahrainis," be said.	Universal Chemical Industries JORDAN SULPHO-CHEMICALS	1900	6218	3.350 3.270	
Officials said Saturday	ARAS CENTER POR PHARM. & CHEMICALS	1250 129	1826	1.400 1.470	
Bahrain was studying a plan	KANTHER INVESTMENT	600	4 <i>2</i> 2 1002	2.120 2.130 1.700 1.670	
to raise work permit fees for	UNIVERSAL MODERN INDUSTRIES	1250	4010	3.250 3.200	
foreign workers to 100 dinars	JURGAN INDUSTRIAL RESOURCES CO.	6889	13770	1.990 1.990	
(\$265) from the current 50	JORDAN NEW CASLE COMPANY INTERNATIONAL TORACCO & CIGARETTES	4100 36050	6764 52101	1.660 1.650	
dinars (\$132). They said re-	UNION CHEMICAL & VEGATIABLE OIL INDUSTRI	5500	11000	1.450 1.440 2.000 2.000	
newal of work permits would	T M O T C M D Y b				
rise to 150 dinars (\$398) from	INDUSTRIAL SECTOR	260013	339829	INDEX NUMBER: 125.3	
40 dinars (\$106).				CHANGE : +0.36	-
Around 130,000 foreigners	GRANO TOTAL	918547		INDEX MUMBER: 157.4	
work in Bahrain, mainly from				ALTERICA A	-
Asian sounding them					===

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Pierce grabs Nichirei title

TOKYO (AFP) - Mary Pierce, who shocked Arantxa Sanchez Vicario at the Australian Open final, repeated her excellent performance to wrest the singles title from the Spaniard at the Nichirei Women's Tennis Tourna-

ment here on Sunday. The 20-year-old Canadian born French number one. playing her first final since losing to world number one Steffi Graf in Paris in Fehruary, survived a hattle of hardhit strokes to demolish the

Spanish titleholder 6-3, 6-3.
"I think I did everything perfect today. Arantxa is a tough player to heat. I have to be on top of my game to beat her and today I was. I'm very happy with the way I performed today." said a

Pierce stood firm in her service games to take a 4-I lead with a service hreak in the fourth, executing an array

Sanchez Vicario converted a triple hreak point in the seventh to trail 3-4, thanks to a Pierce forehand error.

of thundering forehand win-

But Pierce never hesitated to attack. She charged hard to the net hitting a lot of deep, powerful strokes and smashed her way through to break serve in the following game hefore serving out for

Sanchez Vicario recovered from being a hreak down in the second set to tie it at three-all, but when her sliced hackhand hit the top of the

net and inched hack onto her side at 30-40 to leave her 3-4 down she went on to lose the following two games, and the

"This year, probably I've been trying to come to the net more, I've been practising a lot since last winter. It's a very new and important addition to my game, because I don't want the girls to get used to me and my game," said Pierce.

Sanchez Vicario for her part pointed out the difference of conditions as the removable roof of the centre court was closed due to steady rain.

"Here, the hall was much faster than yesterday and it was probably hetter for her," said Sanchez Vicario.

"She probably hits the ball harder than anybody else right now except Monica (Seles). I tried to mix up the game, but it was completely different because the court was much faster," the Spaniard added.

duced her lifetime record against Sanchez Vicario to three wins against four defeats in major tournaments.
It was also ber second title of the season, following her first Grand Slam victory at

With the win, Pierce re-

Melhourne, and seventh overall, earning berself the winner's check of \$79,000. Sanchez Vicario, runnerup in the first three Grand Slam events of the season. had to he satisfied with the runner-up prize of \$35,000.



France's Mary Pierce (right) holds her trophy after winning over defending champion Arantxa Sanchez-Vicario of Spain

Argentine soccer star Diego Maradona signs anto-

graphs on an album for his young South Korean fans in a Seoul soccer stadium, where he is training

Maradona fails to turn up

for children's class

15-month drugs ban on Friday, was training in a Seoul

soccer stadium in preparation

for a match between his Boca

Juniors and the South Ko-

rean national team next

On Saturday, Maradona had turned up two hours late to see thousands of South

Korean fans who had been

waiting in the rain to get a glimpse of him.

Maradona, who led Argen-

tina to victory in the 1986

World Cup, was banned from playing for 15 months after he failed a dope test during last year's World Cup finals

in the United States.

in the \$470,000 Nichirei women's tennis tournament in Tokyo (Renters photo)

Cyclist paralysed in Colombian :: accident

BOGOTA (R) Sulpice, who was critically injured while training for the upcoming world cycling championships in Colombia, may never walk again, an attending physician said Saturday.

Sulpice, 24, crashed on Friday while practicing for the opening round of the two-week World Championship, which begins on Monday at the Luis Carlos Galan cycle track on the western outskirts of Bogota.

Dr. Edwin Ruiz, who operated on Sulpice late on Friday at Bogota's Neurological Institute, said he suffered a fractured vertebra and had lost all use of his legs.

"His situation is bad." Dr. Ruiz said in a telephone interview. "He can move absolutely no-

thing in his legs."

Dr. Ruiz said members of Sulpice's family were due to arrive in Colombia late on Saturday and added he would be flown home for medical attention in France within the next few days.

The recently-built Luis Carlos Galan track was formally inaugurated on Monday for use during the World Championship, which will take place in Colombia's mountainous central Department of Boyaca as

well as Bogota.
The track was named after a leading presidential candidate who was assassinated at a political rally in August 1989.



Retaining the yellow jersey - 4:22. The Spaniard completed the 6-Spaniard Abraham Olano won the 20th kilometre time trial around Akala de stage of the Tour of Spain Saturday, Henares in 49 minutes, 37 seconds, 1:04 cutting Laurent Jalabert's (photo) overall ahead of Johan Bruyneel and 1:19 ahead lead but still leaving the Frenchman with of countryman Melchior Mauri. The vica more than four-minute advantage head- tory gave Olano all three times trials in ing in Sunday's final leg. Olano, who the Vuelta, hut left him little chance of came into the day in second place overall, catching Jalabert in Sunday's final 171.2 finished 2 minutes and 6 seconds ahead of km leg into Madrid. Jalabert, who was fifth but kept a lead of

DAVIS CUP ROUNDUP

Russians edge Germans in doubles

LONDON (AP) — Yevgeny Kafelnikov and Andrei Olhovskiy outlasted Boris Becker and Michael Stich in a five hard-fought sets Saturday to cut the Germans' lead to 2-1 and keep alive Russia's chance of Gaining the Davis Cup final.

Kafelnikov and Olhovskiy triumphed 7-6 (7-3), 6-4, 2-6, 6-7 (7-5) 7-5 Moscow on a clay court which caused a major controversy during Friday's singles when it apparently been made overly wet in a hid to slow down the

hig-serving Germans.

Despite losing the first two sets, Becker and Stich had a chance to clinch a place in the final when they overturned the Russians' advantage and led 4-2 in the final set. But Kafelnikov and

Olhovskiy hroke Becker's serve for 4-4 and the Russians won the match when Stich netted a backhand.

Ranked sixth in the world, Kafelnikov can tie the match with a victory over the fourth-ranked Becker on Sunday. The second reverse singles has Andrei Chesnokov, a four-set loser to Becker on Friday, against former Wimbledon champion, Stich. The other semifinal was

between the United States and Sweden in Las Vegas. Stefan Edberg and Jonas Bjorkman rolled to a 6-3. 6-4. 6-4 victory over Todd Martin and Jonathan Start on Saturday, giving Sweden life hut leaving the Americans with a 2-I lead in their Davis Cup semifinal.

The defending champion Swedes still have a struggle, with top-ranked Andre Agassi and Pete Sampras scheduled for Sunday's reverse

singles.
"A lot of things can happen," Edherg said. "We won the match we needed to

Agassi, playing in his hometown, gets the first chance to give his team the semifinal win when he meets

Thomas Enqvist in a late morning match on the outdoor court at Caesars Palace. Sampras plays Mats Wilander in the day's second match.

"If the Swedes can beat both Agassi and Sampras tomorrow, my hat is off to them," U.S. coach Tom Qul-

likson said. Agassi, the No. 1 player in the world, was installed as a 6-I favourite hy this city's oddsmakers over Enqvist. whom he lost to in Philadelphia earlier this year but easily beat in their last two matches.

"Agassi has the pressure on him playing at home, said Swedish coach Carl-Axel Hageskog. "Thomas can play more relaxed."

The U.S. chances of clinching a berth in the December finals against either Germany or Russia slipped away early in the doubles match dominated by the Swedish

pairing. Edberg, who was withheld from the singles competition hecause of a lingering cold. showed no ill effects in team-

ing with Bjorkman. Edherg and Bjorkman took advantage of a quick start, breaking service in the second game and winning four of the first five games against the American doubles team, which was playing together for only the second

In one of the world group qualifying matches, Austra-lia's Todd Woodhridge and Mark Woodforde, one of the leading doubles pairs in the game, surprisingly lost the first two sets in Budapest hut hit hack to beat Hungary's Laszlo Markovits and Gabor Koves 1-6, 6-7, 6-0, 6-3, 6-2 to gain a 2-1 lead.

Goran Ivanisevic, ranked seven in the world, netted a service return as India upset Croatia in the doubless Saturday to take a 2-1 lead in a world group qualifying match in New Delhi.

India's leander Paes and

Mahesh Bhupathi downed Ivanisevic and Sasa Hirszon 4-6, 7-5, 6-3, 7-6 (7-3).

Czech Republic 2, Zimbabwe 1

Zimhabwe's Byron and Wayne Black, who both played for the university of South Carolina, beat Cyril Suk and Daniel Vacek in the doubles and cut the Czechs' lead to 2-1. The hlack hrothers twice trailed and needed 2 hours 58 minutes to win the match 1-6. 6-3, 3-6, 6-2, 8-6,

Switzerland 3, New Zealand 0

Former French open douhles champions Jakob Hlasek and Marc Rosset downed Kiwi duo Steven Downs and Alistair Hunt 7-6 (7-5), 6-1, 6-I to seal the win with Sunday's reverse singles still to play. Hunt was called up at the last minute when Jamie Greenhalgh withdrew hecause of an ankle injury and Downs played when New Zealand No. I Brett Steven aggravated a leg injury in his opening singles match. France 3, Morocco 0

Arnaud Boetsch and Guy Forget teamed to win the doubles and give France an insurmountable 3-0 lead. Boetsch and Forget heat Hicham Arazi and Younes El Aynaoui, 6-3, 6-2, 6-2 in less than 90 minutes.

Belgium 3, Norway 0 Filip de Wulf and Dick Norman teamed to beat bent Ove Pedersen and Christian Ruud 7-6 (7-3), 6-1, 6-4, giving the Belgians an unbeatable 3-0 lead.

In group relegation and promotion matches

Israel 5, Slovenia 0

Israel, already sure of victory, completed a shutout of Slovenia. Noam Behr downed Iztok Bozic 6-3, 7-6 (11-9) and Eyal Erlich overpowered Borul Uhr 7-6 (7-5). 6-7 (8-6), 6-0.

Taiwan 3, Hong Kong 0

Chen Chin-Jung and Hung Chiao-Hsy clinched victory for Taiwan, heating Sven Koehler and Thorsten Poelzl 2-6, 6-2, 6-3, 6-7 (6-8), 6-3, Romania 2, Portugal 1

Down 2-0 from singles play in Estoril, Portugal hit hack to win the doubles. Emanuel Couto and Joao Cunha e Silva triumphed 6-4. 3-6, 6-4. 7-6 (7-3) over George Cosac and Andrei Pavel, numbers three and four on the Romanian team.

China 2, Uzbekistan I

In Tashkent, Pan Ving and Shiya Dzhia Ping rallied from an error-filled fourth set to overpower Oleg Ogorodov and last-minute replacement Vadim Kutzenko and give China a 2-1 lead with a 3-6, 6-4, 6-2, 3-6, 6-0 victory.



doubles match during the Davis Cup at Caesars Palace in Las Vegas (Reuters photo)

GOREN BRIDGE

WITH OMAR SHARIF & TANNAH HIRSCH

SIMPLE TECHNIQUE COMES THROUGH

Neither vulnerable. South deals, NORTH

A Q 3 S 2
The bidding:
SOUTH WEST NORTH EAST
3 NT Pass Pass
Opening lead: Jack of O
The correct way to play a particular combination depends on a vanety of factors. How many tricks do
you need from the suit? How mony
umes can you afford to give up the
lead?

umes can you afford to give up the lead?
South's opening bid wes the strong, old-fashioned variety showing a balanced 25-27 points. North was more than happy to bring on see to the combined assets.

West led the jack of diamonds, and declarar could count eight fast

tricks. Barring a 3-3 split in dia-monds, most unlikely because of the opening lead, the ninth trick could

opening lead, the ninth trick coulds come only from clubs. Declarer wasted no time in going down. After winning the first trick in hand, declarer led a club to the ace and a club back to the queen and king.

True, declarer could have made the contract by ducking the second club, but that is Monday-morning quarterbacking. No competent player would attempt such a silly play less West win that trick with a secondary honor and the suit divided 4-2.

That does not mean, however, declarer played the club suit to best advantage. Since every other suit is, still doubly stopped, declorer can afford to give himself an extra chance by leading o low club at trick two and ducking it. The defenders can do no better thon win and revert to o diamond. Declarer wins and leads a club to the nce. As the cards lie, that picks up the king and the queen is the fulfilling trick. If nothing good happens, declarer continues with a club to the queen and gets home if the king is with East or if the suit breaks 3-3.

(Reuters photo)

SEOUL (R) — About 1,000 South Korean children and

their parents waited in vain for Argentine star Diego Maradona to turn up and give a soccer class on Sunday.

"Why did the (foothall) association invite such a rude

player?" asked one angry father after Maradona failed

to arrive. "I and my kid have been waiting for many hours

Two hours after the class

was due to start the organis-ers, the Korea Football Asso-

ciation, told the waiting chil-

dren that Maradona would

not be coming.
Instead, the Argentine,

who comes to the end of his

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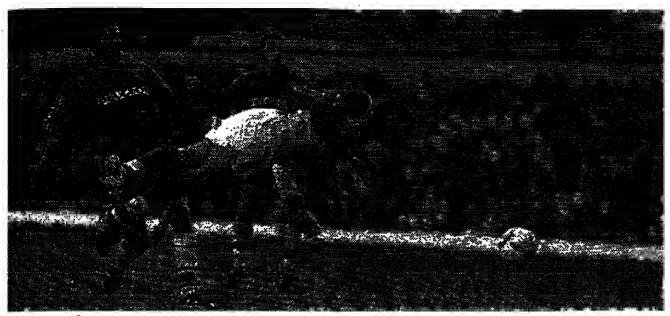
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Ian Pierce (front) scores with a 'header' in Blackburn's game against Coventry City (Reuters photo)

Manchester United fail to score but go top

LONDON (AP) — Manches-ter Uoited ended a rollercoaster week by failing to score but clambering to the top of the English soccer standings Saturday with a goal-less tie at Sheffield Wednesday.

A 3-0 loser at home to Division One York in the League Cup on Tuesday, the reds had the saves of Danish goalkeeper Peter Schmeichel to thank for the point that took them to the top.

Schmeichel made stops from Wednesday's imported World Cup stars, Romania's Dan Petrescu and Belgium's Marc Degryse, with his defence in trouble.

Newcastle, which dropped to second, can replace Alex Ferguson's team atop the standings Sunday by beating Chelsea at bome.

Next week, Manchester United hosts Liverpool at Old Trafford and Ferguson will be able to recall French star striker Eric Cantona, who bas been suspended for eight months over his kung-fu style attack on a Crystal Palace fan last season.

While United failed 10 score for the second game in a row, there were plenty of goals elsewbere.

Anfield over promoted Boltoo, England striker Alan' Shearer hit three for defending champion Blackburn in a

5-1 crushing of Coventry.
Ghanaian striker Tony
Yeboah netted three in Leeds 4-2 victory at Wimbledon and Deoois Bergkamp finally scored his first goal for Arsenal in his eighth appearance, collecting two in a 4-2 triumph at Highbury over Southampton.

Robbie Fowler scored four it 4-2 five minutes later from in Liverpool's 5-2 victory at close range.

Blackburn beat Coventry 5-1. Alan Shearer fired Rovers ahead in the seventh minute, shooting home from close range shot from Tim Sherwood's corner, touched on by Ian Pearce. Colin Hendry gave Blackburn 2-0 lead after 23 minutes. Tim Flowers fouled Peter Ndlovu who hit the 30th minute penalty against the post but the Zimbabwean forward replied for the Sky Blues four minutes

BRITISH SOCCER ROUNDUP

Arsenal beat Southampton 4-2. Dennis Bergkamp volleyed bome from 15 yards io the 17th minute after being set up by Glenn Helder's cross. Tony Adams increased the lead to 2-0 after 23 minutes with a close range header but Gordon Watson's glancing beader from Matthew le Tissier's free kick pulled a goal back for Saints a minute later. Ken Monkou beaded bome Le Tissier's corner in the last few seconds of the first half to tie the game up. Bergkamp's second the 68th minute was a 20-yard shot that went in off the post and Ian Wright made later in the 34th by turning in Paul Cook's centre. Shearer turned bome a centre from Mike Newell for his second in the 60th minote and his third came seven minutes later from Newell's beaded pass. Pearce scored the fifth from close range in the 75th after Newell's beader bounced

back off the post. Aston Villa appeared headed for the top of the standings until Des Little netted a last minute equaliser for Nottingham Forest in a 1-1 tie at Villa Park. Irish midfielder Andy Townsend fired Villa ahead but was expelled before the game restarted for ren Jackson peoalty.

apparently making a comment to the referee.

Last place Manchester City tumbled 1-0 at home to promoted Middlesbrough and has only one point from two outings. Next to last Bolton bas four.

West Ham defender Julian Dicks, sent off last week for the 10th time in his career, fired home two penalties as the hammers edged Everton 2-1 at Upton Park.

In Division One, Charlton, which gained a 5-4 upset vic-tory at Premier League Wilmbledon in the League Cup on Tuesday, hammered another five on the road, this time in a 5-1 victory at Inswich, a Premier League team only last season.

Bnlgarian World Cup goalkeeper Boris Mikhailov made his debut for Division One reading in a 2-2 tie at home to Port Vale.

Four days after being eliminated from the League Cup by Rangers, Celtic re-placed its Glasgow rival at the top of the premier divi-sion by winning 4-0 at Hearts.

Rangers, which had won its first three games, tumbled 1-0 at home to Aberdeen, the only goal coming from a Dar-

China strengthens domination; Qatar trails in 2nd

JAKARTA, Indonesia (AP) - Qatar's Ibrabim Ismail and Sri Lankan Susantika Jayasinghe broke meet records but it was China dominating again Saturday, winning six gold medals to increase their total to 16 at the Asian Athletics Cham-

Bi Zhong started the China romp, tossing the hammer 70.30 metres to his event by more than a metre over Japanese Koji Murofusbi (69.24, 227-2).

Dooble world record holder Wang Junxia also added to the China haul, capturing

the women's 5,000 in 15:25.65, nearly a minute slower than the world record of Portugal's Fernanda Ribeiro (14:36.45).

Other Chinese winners in-cluded Ma Wei in the men's discus, Zhang Hengyun in the women's 400, Ren Ruiping in the women's triple jump and Sui Xinmei in the women's shot put.

Only Sri Lanka came close to putting up any resistance to the Chinese juggernaut, winning two women's events including Layasinghe's.

Jayasinghe won the women's 200 in 23.00 seconds, .80 ahead of China's Chen Yanchun. Shriyani Kulawansa tben.

beat Zhang Yu by .15 seconds in the 100 hurdles, winning in 13.29. Ismail won bis gold and

meet record by winning the men's 400 in 44.96 seconds. more than a second ahead of South Korea's Son Ju-Il

The only other event Saturday was won by A. Aziz Matter, who gave Bahrain its first gold by taking the men's 200 in 20.76 seconds. China's total of 16 golds is

'Jana Batyrchina of Russia who both finished with 39.7

Bulgaria, traditionally

strong in the sport developed

primarily among gymnasts of the former Soviet bloc, se-

cured the group title with two

perfect exercises and a total of 39.575 points. Spain finished second ahead of Be-

Jordan Times

Tel: 667171

points.

13 more than the closest nation, Qatar.

More than 700 athletes from 37 countries including former Soviet republics are participating in the five-day championships that conclude

In a meeting here Friday night, the council members of the Asian Amateur Athletics Association, decided to hold the next championship in Fukuoka, Japan, in 1998.

The continent's governing body of athletics also selected Suariah to host to the next Asian Junior Athletic Championship in 1997.

for reflection as games end swimming events. Their oation will represent the contineot in men's bockey at the Atlanta Olympic Games after

South Africa dominates; time

HARARE, Zimbabwe (AP)
— With a dramatic 3-1 soccer victory over hosts Zimbabwe, Egypt won the last gold med-al of the All Africa Games on Saturday, trailing South Afri-ca by one medal io the final medals tally.

Back in the sporting fold after years of apartheidimposed isolation, South Africa held 151 medals, 62 of them gold, to Egypt's 150 with 60 gold, as the games

Nigeria, by far the largest contingent in Harare for the Olympic-style African Cham-pionships in 18 sports, was taking home 106 medals, including 36 gold.
South Africa's new chal-

lenge to Egypt's traditional domioaoce, coopled with massive organisational problems in the games, left dis-persing athletes and officials with the task of redefining the aims of the continent's biggest sporting cham-

The South Africans, most of them whites, scooped 26 of the 32 gold medals oo offer io winning the six-nation Africa Games bockey tournament bere, beating traditiooal powerhouse Egypt.

"We came bere to win medals," said South African team manager Hugo Oliver. Our success is due to various reasons, one being sheer dedication."

South Africa, acknowledging that its wealth compared to other African nations provided it with better sporting facilities, bas bid to hold the next cootinental championships in 1999.

"We belong to Africa. We want to be part of Africa,"

Zimbabwe, currectly reeling under the effects of a second severe drought within four years, spent about 400 million Zimbabwe dollars (\$48 million) to upgrade sports facilities and bost some 6,000 athletes and officials from 46

Caterers said 3,400 of them in the main athletes village set at least one record there, devouring 2,400 kilogrammes of meat a day, and at least 7,500 dozen eggs and 12 tonnes of rice.

With exceptions - notably soccer, boxing, karate and wrestling — many events bave been poorly attended, something even President Robert Mugabe has blamed on careless, last-minute orga-

Problems with accommodation, equipment and even race timekeeping prompted Juan Antonio Samaranch, president of the International Olympic Committee, to suggest the African Games bave become too

Jean-Claude Ganga of Coogo, bead of the Association of National Olympic Committees of Africa, proposed the programme could be trimmed to about half its 21 sports, mainly to save money for bost nations.

But whose event would go?

"This is a big African festival. Everyone should be allowed to take part," said Ibrahima Konate, a basketball official from Senegal.

Wrestling and karate, popularised in Africa by the U.S. World Wrestling Federation TV shows and kung-fu movies, drew large crowds in Нагате.

"We like confrontational sports. You can't take them away from the games," said Zimhabwean spectator Lydia Gumbo.

Gymnastics official Neil Nativel said the games were an important stepping stone towards world competitions. But only nine African countries contested in gymnastics, leaving it vulnerable to cuts.

George Mazhude, head of the Zimhabwe Table Tennis Association, said bis minority sport needed more African competitions, not less.

"African sports are still growing and the games are a good opportunity to build up these sports in each country,"

Christie breaks 10 seconds in 100m

JOHANNESBURG, South Africa (AP) — Linford Christie of Britain became the first person 10 run 100 metres in less than 10 seconds in Africa, blazing to victory in 9.97 on Saturday to win the inaugural All African International Invitational.

It was the fastest time of the year for Christie, who finished out of the medals at the world championships due to a hamstring injury. The Olympic champion started slowly, then pulled away from Namibian's Frankie Fredericks to win by a clean stride as the crowd of 15,000 cheered wildly.

"I don't run for time. I just run to do my best and try to win," Christie told a news conference. "Frankie pushed

He took a victory lap at the new Johannesburg athletics stadium, waving and blowing kisses to give organisers a perfect start to their bid to have the meet become a grand prix event.

With a new stadium and a world class field, South Africa sought to dazzle the international track and field. hierarchy at the two-day meet that began Saturday. Foreigners dominated the first day of competition as

Irina Privalova of Russia gave the crowd its first major cheer of the evening with an easy victory in the women's 100 mctres. Her time of 11.01



an Africa 100m record during the All Africa Invitation meeting at the new Johannesburg Athletics Stadium (Reuters photo)

was the fastest run in South Africa, but well off the world record of 10.49 by Florence Griffiths Joyner of the Un-

ited States.
Christie's time in the men's 100 was the third fastest of the year and came at the 1.750-metre altitude in Johannesburg. Fredericks finished second at 10.03. while Emmanuel Tuffour of Ghana came third in 10.11.

Asked if the fast time would cause him to reconsider his earlier decision to skip the Atlanta Olympics next year, Christie ducked.

"All I'm thinking about at the moment is having a reset," he said. Nigerian Tajwo Aladefa

set an African record in the women's 100-metre hurdles, running 12.87, while compat-riot William Erese won the men's 110-metre hurdles in 13.86, completing a double after his All Africa Games gold medal the previous week in Harare, Zimbabwe. Another African, Kipke-

moi Lagat of Kenya, outsprinted the field in the final metres in 1:46.52, while Olabisi Afolabi of Nigeria won the women's 400 mctres

finished first in the men's 400 metres in 44.62, another record for the race in South Africa, while Sally Barosio of Kenya easily won the women's 3.000 metres in

In the women's high jump, Yelena Gulyayeva defeated two South Africans with a leap of 1.88 metres, and James Beckford of Jamaica won the men's long jump with a distance of 8.27

Philip Spies of South Africa was the lone local victor. winning the javelin with a toss of 77.50 metres.

In ceremonies to launch the competition, Sports Minister Steve Tshwete called the construction of the state-of-the-art stadium "a magnificent achievement," citing the last-minute preparations that had workers labouring all night in the preceding week to lay and paint the synthetic track.

Rated one of the world's top five athletics stadium by the International Amaieur Athletics Federation, the oval-shaped outdoor facility with a large video screen will host the 1998 Athletics World

Cup.
With South Africa bidding to host the 2004 Olympics at tional was considered a proving ground to show the international Olympic committee the nation's capability to Kenyan Samson Kitur stage major sports events.

Bulgaria wins team title

VIENNA, Austria (AP) — Maria Petrova scored a 9.95 in ber rope exercise, the last of the day, to share the individual all-around gold medal and help Bulgaria to the team title Saturday at the World Rhythmic Gymnastics Cham-

Petrova performed a near-perfect routine to finish with 39.8 points, and share the top step on the medal podium with Yekaterina Screbryans-kaya of Ukraine.

shared between Larisa

The bronze medal also was

Lukyanenko of Belarus and

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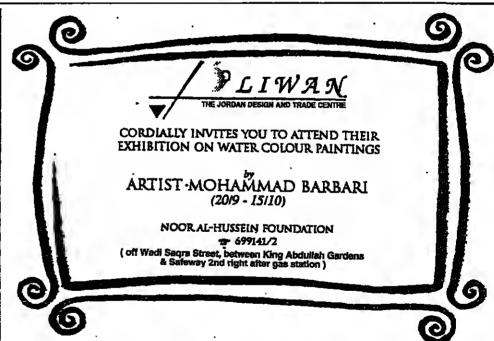
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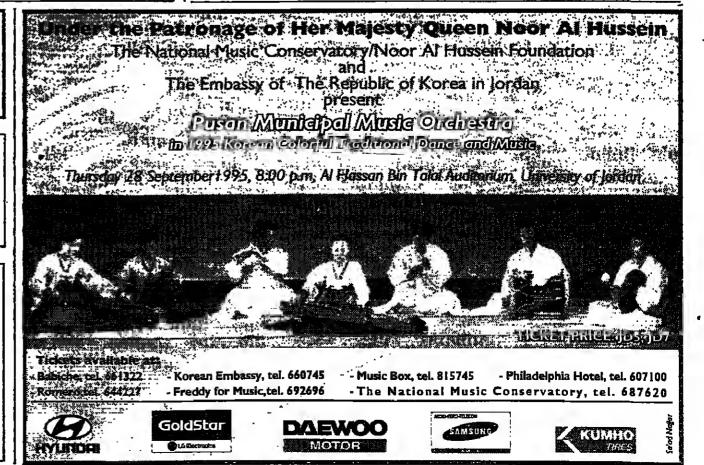
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[A12]



Jordan secures high IMF mark

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The International Monetary Fund (IMF) has given high marks to Jordan for its adherence to an economic restructuring prog-ramme agreed with the IMF and predicted that the Kingdom should be in a position' to benefit from the new trade and economic opportunities available in an era of peace.

The IMF also welcomed the recent liberalisation moves adopted by the Kingdom in terms of moves towards privatisation and opening up of the economy and said these steps as well as further measures planned were consistent with the government's medium-term, private sector and export-led strategy for economic growth.

In a report entitled "Macroeconomic and structural re-forms set Jordan on path of sustained growth," the IMF-said Jordan had in fact posirively surpassed the targets set in the economic restructuriog programme in terms of real growth in gross domestic product, inflation and fiscal

The report, based on a review made by the IMF of the programme, said Jordan's 'success in achieving high real growth with cootinued price stability and a strengthening balance of payment is attributable to the government's stabilisation and reform strategy adopted in the wake of the balance of payments crisis in the late

The report, a rare IMF document on Jordan made available to the media since the implementation of the restructuring programme, noted that the Kiogdom's economic strategy was Jordan implementing monet-"strengthened further in the aftermath of the August 1990 Middle East crisis" sparked by the Iraqi invasion of Kuwait — through "structural and reform and macroeconomics adjustment programmes since 1992."

national public opinion to

save condemned Filipina

maid Sarah Balabagan from

her death sentence in the

. The Manila Times news-

paper called on the Pbilip-

pines and other Asian coun-

tries to heed European Un-ion's recent resolution, con-

demning the death sentence

imposed by an Islamic court

on the 16-year-old for mur-

Ms. Balabagan, a Muslim

from an impoverished family

in the southern Philippines,

has admitted stabbing her

Emirati employer - Almas

Mohammad Al Baloushi -

in 1994, but argued she did it

in self-defence after he raped

Thursday formally de-

nounced the death sentence

and called on member gov-

ernments to warn that Abu

Dhabi risked damaging ties if

Balabagan case is one aspect

that we should explore: The

need to harness international

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"The EU resolution on the

it executed Ms. Balabagan

EU parliamentarians on

(UAE).

United Arab Emirates.

Manila media escalate

pressure over UAE maid

MANILA (AFP) — The media on Sunday urged the Pbilippines to harness inter-women from Third World

squad."

The report noted that the real GDP growth in 1992 was 16 per cent and averaged around six per cent since then. Inflation has been kept within the four-to-five per cent range during the same period, and, despite high labour growth, unemploy-ment rate has been brought down to 12 to 15 per cent during 1993 from a peak of 25 per cent in 1990.

Other points highlighted in report included:

Jordan's overall fiscal deficit declined to seven per cent of the GDP in 1992 compared with nearly 18 per cent in 1991.

Cautious credit policies and good budgetary perform-ance contained the growth of the net domestic assets of the banking system to eight per ceot in 1992. Monetary expansion remained well below the increase in nominal GDP in 1993-94.

Current account (external) deficit narrowed by three percentage points to 14 per cent of the GDP in 1992, and further by eight percentage poiots to 6.5 per cent in 1994. This result was attributed to continuing strong performance of remittances and nontraditional exports.

The IMF report welcomed the reduction in custom duties adopted late last year and the introduction of a general sales tax in mid-1994.

It also paid tribute to the Central Bank of Jordan's prompt move to issue dinardenominated treasury boods as "a new indirect instrument of monetary control."

Since beginning of the issuance of the bonds in September 1993, "indirect monetary control operations and other supporting reforms have streogthened steadily, with the Central Bank of ary policy via a reserve money programme and using an indirect monetary control mechanism to effectively influence domestic interest

See full text of the IMF report

countries employed in house-

bold of other countries," the

Times said in an editorial.

solution is not binding, "it

It said that while the re-

puts a moral boost, albeit

from a non-Asian bloc, to the

Philippines' efforts to secure

clemency for Ms. Balabagan

and save her from the firing

gested that the Association of

Southeast Asian Nations

(ASEAN) take an active role

in raising the issue at world

forums, noting that some of

its members supply large

numbers of female domestic

the convention, signed by the

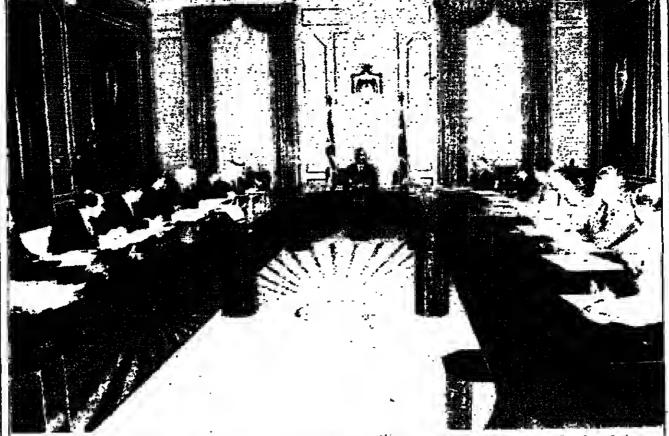
Philippines and 149 coun-

tries, children cannot be put in

(Cootinued on page 7)

helpers overseas.

The editorial also sug-



MEETING ON ARAB, ISLAMIC MESSAGE. His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan on Sunday chairs a meeting of the Royal Commission on Jerusalem Affairs attended by the committee members, several officials and the secretary-geoeral of the Arab Thought Forum. The meeting dealt with means to foster dialogue between civilisations bases on a system of values and concepts that would help people better understand the Arab and Islamic message through the mass media (Petra photo)

Algeria scoffs at Iranian proposal

PARIS (R) — Algeria lashed out at Iran saying on Sunday it had nothing but scorn for an Iranian proposal for dialogue between Algiers's army-backed government and its militant enemies.

"Algeria brings up its allout scorn for the talks (proposal) which underlines once again the propensity of Iran's rulers to meddle in others' affairs," the Algerian staterun radio said on Sunday in a commentary.

The statement, carried by the Algerian official news agency and broadcast on Saturday night on Algeria's state-controlled television, appeared to reflect the Alge-

rian government stand. Iraniao Foreign Minister Ali Akbar Velayati on Tuesday urged France to bring militants and main opposition parties together with the Algerian government in a dialogue to eod almost four years of civil strife in the country which has claimed some 30,000 lives.

Mr. Velayati said his country was ready to join forces with France to launch the

initiative. France's Foreign Minister Herve de Charftte politely rebuffed Mr. Velayati's proposal saying it was up to the Algerians to decide ways for dialogue among themselves.

The radio said Mr. Velayati's remarks 'translate clearly Iran's involvement in organising destablisation of Algeria through encouragement and material support of international terrorism and armed groups active in the country.

Meanwhile, Randy David, a prominent Filipino "Algeria replies to the Irasociologist, wrote in his colnian authorities by demanumn in the Philippine Daily ding that they should first Inquirer that Manila should invoke the U.N. Convention respect the concepts which they are trying to teach on the Rights of the Child, Algeria and organise, if they pointing out that at 16 years could, a free and legal exof age, Ms. Balabagan is still pression of views by the Iraoian citizens," it added. Mr. David said that under Algeria cut diplomatic

links with Iran two years ago to protest what it called Iranian government backing for militants fighting the secular Algerian government.

Hardliners from both sides assail Israel-PLO agreement

DAMASCUS (Agencies) -Hardline Palestinian and Israeli groups denounced the accord to expand Palestinian self-rule initialled by Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) on Sun-

day as a disaster.

The Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine (PFLP) and the Democratic Front for the Liberation of Palestine (DFLP) condemned the deal hours before Israeli and PLO officials initialled it after marathon talks between Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres and PLO Chairman Yasser Ara-

"The deal including redeployment of Israeli troops in the West Bank is worse than the 1993 deal," PFLP spokesman Fahd Al Kudsi said, referring to the accord which led to Palestinian self-rule in Gaza and the West Bank town of Jericho in May 1994. "It divides Hebron and the West Bank into Arab gathering poiots surrouoded by

Israeli security. These points make Palestinians face a real disaster," he said. Hebron, where 400 Jewish

settlers live among 120,000 Arabs, was major sticking point in the Arafat-Peres ta]ks. DFLP spokesman Dau'od

Talbami said Israel's refusal to remove the settlers from Hebroo was a ploy to retain security control over the city anduse it as a bargaining chip in future talks over Jerusalem.

"Israelis want Hebron to be a new city of negotiations in the future to blackmail Palestinians. They will want to have Jerusalem in return for giving Hebron to Palestinians," be said.

Mr. Talbami said the agreement did not meet the minimum Palestinian demands and would not be able to achieve peace and security. 'It contains many articles that would lead to an explosioo in the area," he added.

The spokesman for DFLP, which is led by Nayef Hawatmeh, said the agreement isolated Palestinian towns in the West Bank, leaving them who would punish them for and according to the law,"

any unwelcome action." He said Israeli promises of releasing 2,000 Palestinian prisoners from Israeli jails was "not a concession be-cause only women and old men would be released."

Mr. Kudsi, whose group is led by George Habash, said: Time will show that these agreements are but a mirage as they do not solve core issues and address the problem of four million Palestinians living outside their land.

Israeli hardliners vowed to ignore the peace deal ex-panding Palestinian rule even as Israel and the PLO struggled with the final stage of negotiations.

Former Defence Minister Ariel Sharon of the rightist Likud Party told an emergency meeting of Jewish settlers in the settlement of Kiryat Arba on Saturday night that a future Likud government would not bonour an accord with the PLO.

"As it is, definitely not," be told Israel Radio on Sun-

Likud leader Benjamin Netanyahu said Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin and Foreign Minister Shimon Peres were " conducting a crazy race to achieve an agreement at any price."

Likud gathered enough signatures to hold a special parliament session on the agreement, and demanded that a signing - scheduled for Thursday in Washington D.C. — be delayed until parliament could meet. But leaders-of the governing Labour coalition said that would not

nappen. The hawkish Sharon, who as defence minister in 1982 led the Jewish state's Lebanon invasion, said Likud could not accept an Israeli handover of parts of the West Bank to the Palestinian au-

thority If Likud came to power, he said, it would act to reverse the deal.

"If this government will band over places such as these to Arafat, the first thing that will be done is to return Jewisb control over these "surrounded by Israeli troops areas — in a democratic way

Mr. Sharon insisted. Mr. Sharon aspires to be Israel's prime minister. Elections are due to take place in November of next year.

No Jewish settlement is due to be evacuated under the interim peace deal being negotiated. But settler leaders oppose the accord, accusing the government of selling them out and putting their security at risk.

Elyakim Haetzni, a former far-right member of parliament from Kiryat Arba set-tlement near Hebron, said settlers there would urge Israelis to ignore the accord, including refusing to serve in joint patrols envisaged with Palestinians.

He accused Palestinians in Hebron of seeking to "ethnically cleanse" the city of

"We address all the soldiers, policemen, officers and privates, not to serve in the oint patrols with the terrorists and we made it known not to serve, to resign, or not to obey orders telling them to

"We also decided that any Jew who will be confronted hy such a joint patrol will not only obey the terrorist, but also the Israeli soldier or policeman who consorts and collaborates with the terrorist." Haetzni said.

Syria flayed the Israeli-PLO deal.

"This accord bas been concluded at the expense of the Palestinian side, which has submitted to strong pressure and bas accepted constraints and humiliations," official Syrian radio said.

The problem of Jerusalem and the Palestinian cause will remain unresolved" after this accord, it predicted.

'The negotiators bave not served the cause of a just and comprehensive peace but ev-erything that goes against it." said the radio's commentator, who added thousands of Palestinians bad spilled their blood for their cause.

The agreement could not survive while the Jewish state "continued to occuoy land and deny rights," it said.

Rafsanjani says Iran stronger than ever

NICOSIA (Agencies) — Iran's president said Sunday his country's armed forces were stronger than ever and among the best in the world,

the Islamic Republic News Agency (IRNA) reported. The agency quoted Hashe-mi Rafsanjani as saying: "We do not intend to invade any country and we do not allow anybody to have a covetous eye on our territories."

He said the 1980-88 war with Iraq had added to the

experience, discipline, training, hooour and devouon" of the armed forces. Iran Friday launched week-long celebrations to mark the 15th anniversary of the devastating war, in which some one million people were killed on both sides.

During the war "Iran had many problems in meeting its basic arms requirements, but now it has fortified its defeoce capabilities quite well and the Islamic Republic of Iran is now stronger than before." IRNA quoted Mr. Rafsanjani as saying.

A U.S. embargo during the war grounded much of Iran's air force for lack of spare parts for U.S.-made warplanes bought by the pro-American Shah Mohammad Reza Pahlavi before the 1979 Islamic revolution. Iran faced similar problems on the ground.

President Bill Clinton tightened trade sanctions against Iran in June, citing an alleged Iranian nuclear weapons programme.

Officials claim a nascent

arms industry launched during the war bas now made the armed forces almost selfsufficient.

Brigadier General Miryunos Masoomzadeh. a senior official of the Islamic Revolution Guards Corps, was quoted Sunday as saying the armed forces had designed and produced "a system to identify and repel chemical, biological and atomic attacks.

The English-Language Iran News quoted him as saying the armed forces were "heading toward self-sufficiency." He cited the Iranian-built Zulfiqar tank, unveiled last year, as an ex-

Gen. Masumzadeb told Iran News that Zulfigar med after the saber of the Prophet Mohammad's sonin-law, Ali, was "designed and built by Iranian experts after three years of efforts." The tank is designed to suit

Iran's "geographical and climatic features and can operate on both dry and wet ground," he told the Englishlanguage daity.

It weighs 40 tonnes, has an engine of 1,000 horse power and can travel with a maximum speed of 70 kilometres. The tank is equipped with a 125-millimetre cannon, laser tracking system and night

vision devices. It is resistant to armor-piercing bullets, the official said, He said Iran was manufacturing a "large number" of Zulfigar tanks and could export them if the government

allowed it. Israel is the only other Middle Eastern country which can build tanks.

Iran said in February that it bad launched a programme to build tanks and armored amphibious vehicles. However, an official said at the time that the tank was an "improved version" of a Russian tank seized from Iraq during the 1980-1988 war.

The tank is equipped with a laser tracking device, in-frared systems for night bat-ties, and built to resist armorpiercing ammunition, Gen. Masumzadeh told Iran News. He said Iran could export the tank if government approval was given. Armed forces' experts were busy modernising and upgrading existing stocks of old weapons, he said without giving details.

China helping Iran

China has sold Iran vital uranium processing equip-ment needed to build nuclear bombs, the Sunday Telegraph said.

The paper, citing confiden-tial reports, said China stepped in after Russia bowed to pressure from U.S. President Bill Clinton and failed to deliver a gas centrifuge sys-

Iran has instead bought a Chinese alternative - a calutron system that uses an electro-magnetic method to enrich · _uum.

Doctor saws through wrong side of patient's skull

BRIDGEPORT, Connec-

ticut (AP) - A doctor sawed through the wrong side of a patient's skull during emergency brain surgery to remove a blood clot, hospital officials said After the surgeoo realised his mistake, he closed the incisioo and completed the operation, said John Cappiello, a spokesman for Bridgeport Hospital. The doctor's operating privileges were suspended pending an investigation.
The patient, a 39-year-old man, was in critical condition, which officials said is customary following this type of surgery. The misbap is not expected to affect his recovery. "I made a mistake," the surgeon was quoted as saying by Bruce McDonald, the bospital's senior vice president of medical affairs. "He was not a bappy camper." Mr. McDonald said of the surgeon, who has worked at the hospital for 10 years. Officials would not disclose bis name. The patient was having seizures when be arrived at Bridgepon Hospital by ambulance. The doctor, summoned from bome at 1:15 a.m. was an bour into the surgery on the left side of the man's skull when he realised the clot was on the right side. "No surgery was performed at that point on the left side of the brain." Mr. Cappiello said. The remaining surgery took three bours.

Generous washerwoman has date with Clinton

WASHINGTON (R) -For most of her 87 years, Oseola McCarty has lived a quiet life in America's deep south washing clothes and saving her pennies, but nn Saturday her date was President Bill Clinton, Mrs. McCarty made the spotlight by donating her life savings of \$150,000 to the University of Southern Mississippi for black scholarships. It was the money she earned from washing clothes in her Mississippi hometown of Hattiesburg. where the university is located. Mr. Clinton read in the newspaper about Mrs. McCarty's gift and told his staff he would like ber to be his guest at Saturday night's congressional black caucus dinner. Fearful of flying, Mrs. McCarty took a 24-hour train journey with her cousin from Mississippi to Washington to see the president. They got royal treatment Saturday night, meeting Mr. Clinton in the Oval Office, where the president presented Mrs. McCarty with the Presidential Citizens Medal, granted to Americans who perform exemplary deeds of setvice. "If this country had more people like you, we'd have very few problems," Mr. Clinton told his guest.

William part of 'the firm?' 'No way,' says 'the family'

LONDON (AP) - Don't call Prince William a member of the "The Firm" the family will make you an offer you can't refuse. A sbop in the village where the prince bas just started school withdrew T-shirts bearing his royal likeness after a call from Buckingham Palace, the proprietor said. One of the T-shirts, at £15 (\$24) each, featured a photo of the 13year-old freshman flanked by two of his classmates. all of them dressed in traditional Eton tails, and was captioned "The Firm." A representative of the royal family, which bans the commercial use of pictures of royalty under 18 years old, called shop proprietor Jonathan Rolls and asked him to withdraw the Tshirts. He readily agreed. "I don't want to upset anyone.

Key points in Israel-PLO accord on expanding self-rule

FOLLOWING are the main points of the agreement concluded Sunday by Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) to extend autonomy across the West

ELECTIONS: The autonomy council will bave 82 members elected by the Palestinians of the West Bank, the Gaza Strip and East Jerusalem. The president of the Palestinian National Authority

(PNA) will be elected directly at the same time as the vote for the council which will take place 22 days after the first redeployment by the Israeli army. Palestinians living in East Jerusalem will vote under

special arrangements. They can only be elected to the council if they bave a second address on the West Bank or the Gaza Strip. Observers from the United Nations, the European Union, the United States, Russia, Canada, Egypt, Japan,

Jordan, Norway, South Africa, the Non-Aligned Movement, the Organisation of African Unity and the Organisation of the Islamic Conference will ensure free and fair elections.

PALESTINIAN COUNCIL: With the establishment of the council, the Israeli military government will be withdrawn and the administration dissolved.

Legislative powers will be exercised by the council and executive powers by a committee — the Executive Authority - made up of council members and a small number of appointed officials.

SECURITY AND REDEPLOYMENT: Israel will withdraw troops from Area A - Ramallah. Bethlehem, Nablus. Tulkarem, Jenin and Qalkiliya and redeploy in Hebron. Israeli troops will also pull out of 450 West Bank villages: "At the end of this redeployment there will be almost no

Israel Defence Force presence in Palestinian population centres.'

The Palestinians will take charge of internal security and public order in Area A. They will maintain public order in Area B. They will have civil responsibilities in both areas and 25

police stations. But Israel will retain overall responsibility for external security. Israelis and the settlements across the West Bank and combat extremism in Area B.

In Area C — unpopulated areas of strategic importance to Israel - full security and public order responsibility will remain with Israel, but the council will have civil responsibilities such as economics, health and education. FURTHER REDEPLOYMENTS: To take place at six month intervals after the election.

PLO COVENANT: Within two months of the council's inauguration, the PLO to revoke covenant articles calling. for the destruction of the State of Israel.

SECURITY POLICY: 12,000 police will be deplayed on the West Bank as the sole Palestinian security force to maintain public order, confiscate illegal weapons and fight terrorism.

Joint patrols will ensure free and secure movement on designated roads in Area A. Joint Mobile Units will serve as a rapid response in case of incidents.

FREEDUM OF MOVEMENT FOR ISRAELIS: In Area A Israeli vehicles will be escorted by joint patrols. Palestinians cannot arrest Israelis but can check their identity and vehicle documentation. RELIGIOUS SITES: Responsibility to be transferred to the

Palestinians, but only gradually in Area C. Some sites will be negotiated under the final talks on a permaneot status which are to start hy next May. Guaranteed freedom of access and worship and practice

for Jews, Christians, Muslims and Samaritans. The Israeli army will keep control of Hebron's Tomb of the Patriarchs. Special arrangements at Rachel's Tomb in Bethlebem. Joseph's Tomb in Nablus.

HEBRON: Israel will guard Jewish residents and their movements and maintain overall responsibility for their safety. Redeployment will be completed no later than six months after the signing of the agreement.

Israel will keep control over the Tomb of the Patriarchs. There will be a "temporary international presence" in Hebron.

WATER: The Palestinian share of water supplies will be increased by 28 million cubic metres. A joint water committee will manage resources and prevent uncontrolled RELEASE OF PRISONERS: Israel will free Palestinian prisoners in three stages — upon the signing of the accord,

on eve of elections and once more "according to principles which will be established separately." A joint committee will discuss the release details.